

THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

TWELFTH YEAR. NO. 89.

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1896.

TWO CENTS

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF EAST LIVERPOOL.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE MORTGAGEE SALE.

Stock is being rapidly sold, but still many bargains left

READ THESE PRICES.

Lace Curtains, 39c.
Cotton Batting, 5c.
Towels, 4c.
8c Muslin, 6c.
Table Linen, 21c.
Light Prints, 3c.
Ticking, 8c.
12c Chintz, 7c.
White Wool Flannel, 12c.
Wool Country Flannel, 18c.
White Goods, 7c.
Wool Cashmere, 12c.
Wool Plaids, 12c.
Dress Trimmings, 5c.
Corsets, 39c.
Ladies' Ties, 12c.
Underwear, Half Price.
Hosiery, Half Price.
Silk Waists, Half Price.
Fine Dress Gingham, Half Price.
Mohair Skirts, Half Price.
Parasols, Half Price.
Furs, Half Price.
Art China, Half Price.
Silverware, Half Price.
Cloaks at Low Prices.
Embroidery and Laces at Low Prices.
Kid Gloves at Low Prices.

C. C. BEYMER, Agent for Mortgagees.

Ladies' and Children's Wraps.

They are here in all their beauty. Infants' Wraps, Children's Wraps, Ladies' Wraps; Wraps all sizes and styles, Wraps to suit all sized pocketbooks. They have been carefully selected from eight of the largest and best manufacturers' lines of Cloaks in New York, Philadelphia and Cleveland. In buying a Wrap from us you can rely on getting the very latest style and the very best value possible for your money.

Ladies' Cloth Capes, \$1.49 to \$15.
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Ladies' Cloth Jackets, \$2.98 to \$20.
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These prices only give you an idea of the variety we carry. To get a correct understanding of the value of the goods you must see the style, the make-up and fit of the garments. All we ask is an opportunity to show you the goods. No trouble in selling them. Already they are selling freely. Don't wait until the cream is picked away. Come now to

The Boston Store,

A. S. YOUNG, 138 and 140 Fifth Street.
East Liverpool, Ohio.

THAT "MASS" MEETING

There Were Just Eight People at City Hall.

SECRETARY TRAVIS EXPLAINED

The "Prominently Connected" Had a Few Words—Charley Hutcheson and Ferdinand Oshman Made Remarks—The Fair Is Now Officially Dead.

That mass meeting was held, the street fair was killed, and eight citizens interested themselves sufficiently to be present and see that it was done with form and ceremony.

The mass meeting was called on Saturday. Everybody interested in street fairs, as exemplified by those who called the meeting, were invited to be present. Those who had suggestions were invited to make them, and the idea was advanced that the meeting could, regardless of council, decide to have a fair, take all the privileges it wanted, and compel council to protect the city by an injunction. Council would hardly do this, and if it did the results would not be serious, said the announcement.

It was stated under a four decker head that demands had been made upon the secretary and others "prominently connected" with the fair, and they wanted something done while the "enthusiasm was up." Evidently they waited too long. The enthusiasm was dead, and the mass meeting was a signal failure when judged as a mass meeting. Those who made the demands had either forgotten about them, or the nature of the demands had been misunderstood by the "prominently connected."

When Mayor Gilbert cast a searching glance through that chamber where council is wont to meet and deliberate he was surprised. Instead of a closely packed mass of humanity, wildly enthusiastic for a street fair and cheering every utterance favoring the demonstration, he saw but seven. Faithful they were, but not anxious, nor yet enthusiastic. It was a cold unresponsive crowd, and made up of Ferdinand Oshman, Charley Hutcheson, George Y. Travis, Robert Hailes, E. W. Thompson, J. C. Deidrick and T. V. Milligan. The mayor explained it was not an indignation meeting, but was called for the purpose of deciding on a fair. If any one wanted to take hold of the fair and run it, he guessed they could do so. The old association, he said, wanted to wind up its business.

Secretary Travis then made an excuse for the meeting. A number of leading business men had come to him, and wanted something done. He, too, declared it was not an indignation meeting.

Charley Hutcheson spoke for the liquor men. They didn't want to run the fair, he explained, and only asked to give their help. The saloonkeepers were not anxious to run the town wide open, and he was so sorry that impression was out. They had stood in the background. It was true they had raised a fund for certain purposes, but they didn't want to run the fair.

Secretary Travis remarked that men other than saloonkeepers wanted the fair two days, and this was not an indignation meeting. He had given his time without pay because he thought the fair was a good thing.

T. V. Milligan expressed himself as being opposed to a street fair this year, and yielded the floor to he who is probably the "prominently connected." He declared this was not an indignation meeting, but for the purpose of deciding on the future of the Street Fair association. If it was not decided to hold some sort of a celebration Oct. 15, the association would wind up its affairs.

Secretary Travis, who seemed impressed with the necessity of explanation, said that fully 20 business men had urged him to go ahead, and a longing, far away look came into his hazel eyes as he sought in vain for the majority of those business men. Mr. Milligan thought it would be best to abandon any thought of a fair this year, and the secretary moved to postpone until next fall. Hutcheson wanted to know if that could be done legally. Was there a quorum? He was interrupted by the "prominently connected" who hastened to explain this was not a meeting of the fair association, but a mass meeting of citizens, and the assertion seemed so ridiculous in the face of the slim attendance that a smile rippled over the assembly, and lost itself in the dark corners of the room. Hutcheson then wanted to know what was to be done with the money already collected, and Mayor Gilbert promptly told him it was to be used in paying bills. Oshman believed everybody would laugh at them if they gave up the fair, and Thompson thought East

Liverpool was a little too slow. Mayor

Gilbert expressed the belief that the mistake had been made by not putting a member of council at the head of the movement, and put the motion for postponement. The motion prevailed, the meeting was over, and the street fair project was under the sod.

As a mass meeting the affair was a deplorable failure. The people did not rush with wild abandon to decide on a line of action contrary to law simply because the "prominently connected" desired it. As a vindication of the course of the same "prominently connected" the wildest imagination in the world would not pronounce it a success.

IT WAS LATE,

But the Soldier Boys Drilled Just the Same.

Captain Hill had announced that Company E would drill last night, and drill it did in spite of the slim attendance. There were few at the meeting, and squads in charge of corporals were sent through the city. They gathered in the boys from every quarter, and soon had a sufficient number to make a respectable showing. The command was taken on the street, and to the music of the drum corps marched in the lower part of the city. It was almost 10 o'clock when the company turned out, and people along the line of march wondered what was happening.

BOWMAN WAS A PAINTER.

A Nice Young Man With a Good Reputation.

It was learned last night that A. C. Bowman, who was badly hurt at Cumberland, was known by a number of people in the city. He came here from Pittsburgh in June, and was a sign and carriage painter. He was a good workman, and had abundant work while in town. He boarded at the house of Mr. Pool on Jackson street, and left the city several weeks ago to seek employment in the western part of the state. Bowman was a steady, industrious young man, and made a number of friends during his brief stay in the city.

MUST OBEY THE LAW.

Election Officers Are Not Allowed to Mark Ballots.

A recent law in this state does not allow election officers to mark the ballots of illiterate voters. If a man cannot read, that is his own lookout, and he must mark his ballot without assistance from any person. Samuel M. Taylor, state supervisor of elections, announces that the law will be carried out to the letter. It is not for him or any election officer to pass upon the constitutionality of the law; that must be decided in the courts, and until it is decided he will remove any election board, the members of which break the statute.

FOUR JOLLY MONTHS.

The Bachelors Break Camp After an Enjoyable Summer.

The Jolly Bachelors struck their tents on Beaver creek yesterday afternoon, and returned to their homes in the city. They have been in camp since May 24, and have enjoyed every minute of the time. The Bachelors were especially fortunate in fishing, and caught a large number of fine fish. When the squirrel season opened they had it all their own way, and hugely enjoyed the sport. They were visited by many people during the summer, and the camp was among the best known on the creek.

THE FRAME FELL.

And Webb H. Thompson's Foot Was Mashed.

Webb H. Thompson, an employee of the Boyce foundry, has a very sore foot as the result of an accident. He was turning a heavy iron frame that was suspended in the air, when, for some reason, it fell. His foot was directly under the frame, and had it not been for a bolt which held a part of the weight, the foot would have been crushed to a shapeless mass. As it was, he sustained several broken bones, and the member was badly bruised. The casting weighed 700 pounds.

NOT CONVINCED.

Wellsville Will Always Believe Herwig Was Murdered.

Officer Morgan, of Wellsville, was in the city last evening, and expressed the belief that George Herwig had been murdered at the old brick yard. So firm was he in the conviction that he said he would scarcely believe otherwise if Herwig came back and told him he had met death by accident. This is the prevailing sentiment in Wellsville, and some of the arguments used in support of the belief are ingenious in the extreme.

Dismissed the Case.

The suit of David Gourley against James Duke for \$2.50, the price of a horse, was dismissed this morning, as Gourley was unable to furnish bond for the costs in the case. Constable Bertelo returned the animal to Duke.

FOR ONE MORE YEAR

Rev. J. M. Huston Is Returned to This City.

RUMORED HE HAD RESIGNED

The Story Was Without Foundation and Was Not Credited—Other Work in Uhrichsville—A New Presiding Elder, Doctor Stewart In Cleveland.

UHRICHSVILLE, Sept. 22.—[Special.]—The usual delay in the announcement of pastoral assignments was experienced, and the ministers of the East Ohio conference were not given their stations until today.

It was given out yesterday that the list would be read Monday evening, but before that time certain complications appeared, and the list was delayed. There are many changes, but none at East Liverpool. Dr. J. M. Huston returns to the First church for another year.

Considerable surprise was occasioned by the announcement that Doctor Jackson would be presiding elder of the Steubenville district, and Doctor Stewart would have charge of the Broadway church, Cleveland. Dr. J. F. Reager goes to Wellsville as pastor, and Doctor Burt was sent to Ashtabula. Doctor Jackson was the minister whom the Wellsville people expected appointed to that charge.

The assignment of presiding elders places Rev. J. F. Fisher in charge of the Cleveland district; Doctor Muller, Akron; Doctor Osborne, Barnesville; Doctor Holtz, Canton; Doctor Jackson, Steubenville; Doctor Croft, Youngstown; Doctor Rader, New Philadelphia. Dr. J. I. Wilson has served the allotted time in the Cambridge district, but his successor was not chosen until late this afternoon.

The general conference submitted two amendments, and they were voted on by the ministers as a special order. The first changed the word "laymen" to "person" in the clause providing for the election of delegates to the general conference. As the word persons showed no distinction of sex, and allowed women to enter the vote was interesting. The proposition was defeated by a vote of 128-71, the rule requiring two-thirds to carry. The next proposition called for the election of as many laymen as there are ministers in the general conference, and was also defeated.

The report of the book concern showed a profit to the conference of \$120.00 and the endowment fund reported \$641.26 in the treasury. The Freedman's Aid society received \$1,686 from the conference last year. A resolution condemning Sunday travel, baseball and Sunday newspapers was passed, and prohibition was endorsed and the Anti-Saloon league commended.

When the reports of presiding elders were called Dr. L. H. Stewart, of the Steubenville district, showed a membership increased to 8,000; 57 Sunday schools, with a membership of 6,500; 87 Epworth leagues, \$5,700 collections. Several years ago Rev. Mr. Oliver, then a pastor of one of the Steubenville churches, waged a crusade against the tobacco habit, and it seems to be a thing which ministers from the district give some attention to yet. Rev. Dr. Stewart took the matter up this morning, and appealed to members of the conference to induce their members to abstain from "chewing this stuff which is not bread," and said the saving would more than sustain the church.

The First church of East Liverpool showed the largest collections for benevolent purposes thus far reported, viz.: general missions, \$1,300; woman's home and foreign missions, \$1,300; superannuated ministers, \$100.

The appointment of Dr. W. H. Locke to be chaplain of the Mansfield reformatory was officially recognized by the conference.

ONLY A RUMOR

But It Was Widely Circulated In Town Today.

A story gained wide circulation this morning that Reverend Huston would be sent to Cleveland, and another minister appointed to this city. The rumor caused considerable stir among the members of the church, but the announcement as given above shows it was without foundation.

INTO THE FOLD.

Asa Geer, a Life Long Democrat, Is Now a Republican.

Every day some Democrat is found who has become disgusted with his party, but one especially worthy of note is Asa Geer, of Grant district, Hancock county. He is 89 years of age, and to the present time has always voted for the Democratic party and its cause. In

conversation with a prominent Republican of this city he announced his intention of supporting McKinley, giving for his reasons that he did not want anything to do with free silver and had no use for a man who made the speeches credited to Bryan.

TALKING LECTURE COURSE.

The Ladies' Auxiliary May Decide This Afternoon.

The Ladies' auxiliary are in session this afternoon in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian association, and are discussing the prospects of a lecture course. The question has been brought before the society on other occasions, but will be decided today. Lecture courses in the past have not proved a financial success, because of the excellence of the attractions and the small price at which season tickets were sold. If the course materializes the entertainments will be held in the audience room of the George building.

NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT.

Fred Walker, of Trenton, Will Talk to the Pottery.

Fred Walker, the Trenton potter who was roughly handled by Candidate Bryan at the ways and means committee hearings several years ago, will speak at Fifth street rink next Saturday evening. The gentleman is an entertaining talker, and all should hear him. Mr. Walker speaks at a big meeting in Wheeling on Friday night.

Hon. Curtiss Gill, editor of the Boston Commercial Bulletin, will address the people of Wellsville, Sept. 30. The gentleman has a national reputation as an orator.

THE GLOBE EXPLODED.

Glass Flew In All Directions, and Pedestrians Were Scared.

There was excitement for a few minutes in the Diamond last night. Some thoughtless person threw a worthless incandescent bulb from a second story window. In its descent it barely missed the head of a young man who chanced to be passing, and striking the pavement exploded with a bang. Particles of glass went flying in all directions, people were frightened, and a few wheelmen who chanced to be in the vicinity remembered the bicycle ordinance, and wondered why it was not being enforced.

BREAKING ICE

Took Pecky Bradley Into Mayor Gilbert's Court.

A small boy who gave the name of Pecky Bradley was arrested last evening by Officer Earl. Last Saturday the youngster climbed on an ice wagon and began to break the ice. The driver put him off, and then the lad threw stones. The boy denied the charge, but the evidence was too strong and Mayor Gilbert gave him a very severe lecture, and then permitted him to go.

TWO WIRES

Made a Brilliant Display and Damaged Telephones.

A guy wire was being adjusted at Sixth and Washington streets this morning when it fell across the trolley wire. Immediately there was such a crackling and blazing that people ran into the streets, and saw the end of a most brilliant display. No less than a dozen telephones were burned out, and several buildings fired. The bell at city hall sounded.

TO BE MARRIED TONIGHT.

Mr. Frank E. Oyster and Miss Minnie Rowe.

The announcement is made today that Mr. Frank E. Oyster and Miss Minnie Rowe will be married this evening at 7 o'clock at the residence of the bride on Elm street by Doctor Lee. Only the immediate families of the contracting parties will be present. They will go east tomorrow morning.

ALL REPUBLICANS.

Franklin Square People Raise a McKinley Pole.

The best meeting of the campaign was conducted last evening at Franklin Square. A large number of enthusiastic Republicans raised a McKinley and Hobart pole, and Hon. R. W. Taylor was present to lead in three cheers for McKinley, protection, honest money and Old Glory.

THEY PAID

Two Drunks Settled With Mayor Gilbert This Morning.

Hugh Martin and James McCurran were arraigned by Mayor Gilbert this morning. Martin was fined \$7.75 for being drunk and disorderly. McCurran was intoxicated and only got \$5.75. Both fines were paid and the prisoners released.

The river has raised two feet since Sunday, and there is a stage of water sufficient for light packets.

MANY YOUNG PEOPLE

The East End Convention Largely Attended.

OVER ONE HUNDRED DELEGATES

A splendid Address Last Night and Another This Evening—East Liverpool Gets the President—Routine Business and Speeches.

The eighth annual convention of the Young People's societies of Steubenville presbytery is in session in the Second United Presbyterian church, East End.

The session opened last night at eight o'clock with a prayer and praise service, led by the president, Frank Cavitt, of Richmond, and the delegates and others taxed to the utmost the seating capacity of the hospitable home of the East End United Presbyterians. After the devotional exercises the opening address of the convention was given by Rev. T. H. McMichael, of the First church of Cleveland. The subject of the address was "The Needs of the Hour." The speaker rapidly but very earnestly and forcibly sketched the condition of present day affairs, social, political, economical and religious, the seriousness and turbulence of which make this hour a crucial period in our country's life. But though the clouds were dark and lowering and the storm onrushing with muttering thunder, yet there was hope, and the great need of the hour is loyalty.

"This loyalty will show itself in separation. 'Ye are a royal priesthood unto God.' 'Come out and be separate.' Let was held up as a sad example of one who loses his influence and testimony by mingling with the world.

"This loyalty will show itself in service. Let our hands show the scars of service in the Master's cause. Like Thomas, the world will not believe our profession unless we can show on our body the brands of Jesus. It will cost us something, but the reward is great. This loyalty will show itself in likeness—likeness to Christ. Association bogets assimilation, and contact with Christ will transfer His perfection and beauty to us. Had Hancock and Siskles and the other generals failed in duty at Little Roundtop, the history of our country might have been vastly different. We are at the Little Roundtop of the church's history. Will we, as young people, win or lose the fight?" The address was a masterly one, and proved a wonderful inspiration to the young people.

This morning at six o'clock a sunrise prayer meeting was held at the church, and no better proof of the earnestness of the young people need be asked than the numbers out so early to commune with their God.

After the praise service this morning was ended there were interesting reports from all the societies. Fred Wright, of Carrollton, discussed lookout work, Miss Della Pinnock, of Yellow Creek, talked on the prayer meeting, Miss Mary Thompson, of Scio, spoke of the social, and Frank Rogers, of Knoxville, had the executive work for his subject. This was followed by open parliament. The officers elected were: President, Earnest Orr, East Liverpool; secretary, Miss Anna George, Scroggsfield. At noon today over 100 delegates had registered.

The model Junior meeting was discussed this afternoon by Mrs. Hawley and Miss Dever, of Wellsville, and Miss Jennette McGowan, of Steubenville, talked entertainingly of enthusiasm. The Christian home was the subject given by Kyle George, of West Beaver; Miss Lizzie McDonald, of Grant's hill, and Miss Maggie Patterson, of Piney Fork. The meeting closed with an address by Frank White, of East End, in which he gave his impressions of the Omaha convention.

The convention will this evening hear an address from Rev. W. I. Wishart, of Allegheny. The gentleman's earnestness and ability are superior, and he knows well how to handle the subject "Good Citizenship."

Going to Cumberland.

The East Liverpool ball club will go to New Cumberland Saturday for two games at that place.

John Godwin has signed to play short stop for the New Philadelphia team, and will leave for that place in the morning.

Football Player Dying.

Will Wallbank and Joseph Stanaway, members of the Rover's football team, went to Youngstown this afternoon in response to a telegram, saying that Joseph Price, a member of the Youngstown team and well known here, was dying.

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The Story Was Without Foundation and Was Not Credited—Other Work in Uhrichsville—A New Presiding Elder, Doctor Stewart In Cleveland.

UHRICHSVILLE, Sept. 22.—[Special.]—The usual delay in the announcement of pastoral assignments was experienced, and the ministers of the East Ohio conference were not given their stations until today.

It was given out yesterday that the list would be read Monday evening, but before that time certain complications appeared, and the list was delayed. There are many changes, but none at East Liverpool. Dr. J. M. Huston returns to the First church for another year.

Considerable surprise was occasioned by the announcement that Doctor Jackson would be presiding elder of the Steubenville district, and Doctor Stewart would have charge of the Broadway church, Cleveland. Dr. J. F. Reager goes to Wellsville as pastor, and Doctor Burt was sent to Ashtabula. Doctor Jackson was the minister whom the Wellsville people expected appointed to that charge.

The assignment of presiding elders places Rev. J. F. Fisher in charge of the Cleveland district; Doctor Muller, Akron; Doctor Osborne, Barnesville; Doctor Holtz, Canton; Doctor Jackson, Steubenville; Doctor Croft, Youngstown; Doctor Rader, New Philadelphia. Dr. J. I. Wilson has served the allotted time in the Cambridge district, but his successor was not chosen until late this afternoon.

The general conference submitted two amendments, and they were voted on by the ministers as a special order. The first changed the word "laymen" to "person" in the clause providing for the election of delegates to the general conference. As the word persons showed no distinction of sex, and allowed women to enter the vote was interesting. The proposition was defeated by a vote of 128-71, the rule requiring two-thirds to carry. The next proposition called for the election of as many laymen as there are ministers in the general conference, and was also defeated.

The report of the book concern showed a profit to the conference of \$120.00 and the endowment fund reported \$641.26 in the treasury. The Freedman's Aid society received \$1,686 from the conference last year. A resolution condemning Sunday travel, baseball and Sunday newspapers was passed, and prohibition was endorsed and the Anti-Saloon league commended.

When the reports of presiding elders were called Dr. L. H. Stewart, of the Steubenville district, showed a membership increased to 8,000; 57 Sunday schools, with a membership of 6,500; 37 Epworth leagues, \$5,700 collections. Several years ago Rev. Mr. Oliver, then a pastor of one of the Steubenville churches, waged a crusade against the tobacco habit, and it seems to be a thing which ministers from the district give some attention to yet. Rev. Dr. Stewart took the matter up this morning, and appealed to members of the conference to induce their members to abstain from "chewing this stuff which is not bread," and said the saying would more than sustain the church.

The First church of East Liverpool showed the largest collections for benevolent purposes thus far reported, viz.: general missions, \$1,300; woman's home and foreign missions, \$1,300; superannuated ministers, \$100.

The appointment of Dr. W. H. Locke to be chaplain of the Mansfield reformatory was officially recognized by the conference.

ONLY A RUMOR

But It Was Widely Circulated in Town Today.

A story gained wide circulation this morning that Reverend Huston would be sent to Cleveland, and another minister appointed for this city. The rumor caused considerable stir among the members of the church, but the announcement as given above shows it was without foundation.

INTO THE FOLD.

Asa Geer, a Life Long Democrat, Is Now a Republican.

Every day some Democrat is found who has become disgusted with his party, but one especially worthy of note is Asa Geer, of Grant district, Hancock county. He is 89 years of age, and to the present time has always voted for the Democratic party and its cause. In

conversation with a prominent Republican of this city he announced his intention of supporting McKinley, giving for his reasons that he did not want anything to do with free silver and had no use for a man who made the speeches credited to Bryan.

TALKING LECTURE COURSE.

The Ladies' Auxiliary May Decide This Afternoon.

The Ladies' auxiliary are in session this afternoon in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian association, and are discussing the prospects of a lecture course. The question has been brought before the society on other occasions, but will be decided today. Lecture courses in the past have not proved a financial success, because of the excellence of the attractions and the small price at which season tickets were sold. If the course materializes the entertainments will be held in the audience room of the George building.

NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT.

Fred Walker, of Trenton, Will Talk to the Pottery.

Fred Walker, the Trenton potter who was roughly handled by Candidate Bryan at the ways and means committee hearings several years ago, will speak at Fifth street rink next Saturday evening. The gentleman is an entertaining talker, and all should hear him. Mr. Walker speaks at a big meeting in Wheeling on Friday night.

Hon. Curtiss Gill, editor of the Boston Commercial Bulletin, will address the people of Wellsville, Sept. 30. The gentleman has a national reputation as an orator.

THE GLOBE EXPLODED.

Glass Flew In All Directions, and Pedestrians Were Scared.

There was excitement for a few minutes in the Diamond last night. Some thoughtless person threw a worthless incandescent bulb from a second story window. In its descent it barely missed the head of a young man who chanced to be passing, and striking the pavement exploded with a bang. Particles of glass were flying in all directions, people were frightened, and a few wheelmen who chanced to be in the vicinity remembered the bicycle ordinance, and wondered why it was not being enforced.

BREAKING ICE

Took Pecky Bradley Into Mayor Gilbert's Court.

A small boy who gave the name of Pecky Bradley was arrested last evening by Officer Earl. Last Saturday the youngster climbed on an ice wagon and began to break the ice. The driver put him off, and then the lad threw stones. The boy denied the charge, but the evidence was too strong and Mayor Gilbert gave him a very severe lecture, and then permitted him to go.

TWO WIRES

Made a Brilliant Display and Damaged Telephones.

A guy wire was being adjusted at Sixth and Washington streets this morning when it fell across the trolley wire. Immediately there was such a crackling and blazing that people ran into the streets, and saw the end of a most brilliant display. No less than a dozen telephones were burned out, and several buildings fired. The bell at city hall sounded.

TO BE MARRIED TONIGHT.

Mr. Frank E. Oyster and Miss Minnie Rowe.

The announcement is made today that Mr. Frank E. Oyster and Miss Minnie Rowe will be married this evening at 7 o'clock at the residence of the bride on Elm street by Doctor Lee. Only the immediate families of the contracting parties will be present. They will go east tomorrow morning.

ALL REPUBLICANS.

Franklin Square People Raise a McKinley Pole.

The best meeting of the campaign was conducted last evening at Franklin Square. A large number of enthusiastic Republicans raised a McKinley and Hobart pole, and Hon. R. W. Taylor was present to lead in three cheers for McKinley, protection, honest money and Old Glory.

THEY PAID

Two Drunks Settled With Mayor Gilbert This Morning.

Hugh Martin and James McCurran were arraigned by Mayor Gilbert this morning. Martin was fined \$7.75 for being drunk and disorderly. McCurran was intoxicated and only got \$5.75. Both fines were paid and the prisoners released.

The river has raised two feet since Sunday, and there is a stage of water sufficient for light packets.

MANY YOUNG PEOPLE

The East End Convention Largely Attended.

OVER ONE HUNDRED DELEGATES

A Splendid Address Last Night and Another This Evening—East Liverpool Gets the President—Routine Business and Speeches.

The eighth annual convention of the Young People's societies of Steubenville presbytery is in session in the Second United Presbyterian church, East End.

The session opened last night at eight o'clock with a prayer and praise service, led by the president, Frank Cavitt, of Richmond, and the delegates and others taxed to the utmost the seating capacity of the hospitable home of the East End United Presbyterians. After the devotional exercises the opening address of the convention was given by Rev. T. H. McMichael, of the First church of Cleveland. The subject of the address was "The Needs of the Hour." The speaker rapidly but very earnestly and forcibly sketched the condition of present day affairs, social, political, economical and religious, the seriousness and turbulence of which make this hour a crucial period in our country's life. But though the clouds were dark and lowering and the storm rushing with muttering thunder, yet there was hope, and the great need of the hour is loyalty.

"This loyalty will show itself in separation. 'Ye are a royal priesthood unto God.' 'Come out and be separate.' Lot was held up as a sad example of one who loses his influence and testimony by mingling with the world.

"This loyalty will show itself in service. Let our hands show the scars of service in the Master's cause. Like Thomas, the world will not believe our profession unless we can show on our body the brands of Jesus. It will cost us something, but the reward is great. This loyalty will show itself in likeness—likeness to Christ. Association begets assimilation, and contact with Christ will transfer His perfection and beauty to us. Had Hancock and Sickles and the other generals failed in duty at Little Roundtop, the history of our country might have been vastly different. We are at the Little Roundtop of the church's history. Will we, as young people, win or lose the fight?" The address was a masterly one, and proved a wonderful inspiration to the young people.

This morning at six o'clock a sunrise prayer meeting was held at the church, and no better proof of the earnestness of the young people need be asked than the numbers out so early to commune with their God.

After the praise service this morning was ended there were interesting reports from all the societies. Fred Wright, of Carrollton, discussed lookout work, Miss Della Pinnock, of Yellow Creek, talked on the prayer meeting, Miss Mary Thompson, of Scio, spoke of the social, and Frank Rogers, of Knoxville, had the executive work for his subject. This was followed by open parliament. The officers elected were: President, Earnest Orr, East Liverpool; secretary, Miss Anna George, Scroggsfield. At noon today over 100 delegates had registered.

The model Junior meeting was discussed this afternoon by Mrs. Hawley and Miss Dever, of Wellsville, and Miss Jennette McGowan, of Steubenville, talked entertainingly of enthusiasm. The Christian home was the subject given Kyle George, of West Beaver; Miss Lizzie McDonald, of Grant's hill, and Miss Maggie Patterson, of Piney Fork. The meeting closed with an address by Frank White, of East End, in which he gave his impressions of the Omaha convention.

The convention will this evening hear an address from Rev. W. I. Wishart, of Allegheny. The gentleman's earnestness and ability are superior, and he knows well how to handle the subject "Good Citizenship."

Going to Cumberland.

The East Liverpool ball club will go to New Cumberland Saturday for two games at that place.

John Godwin has signed to play short stop for the New Philadelphia team, and will leave for that place in the morning.

Football Player Dying.

Will Wallbank and Joseph Stanaway, members of the Rover's football team, went to Youngstown this afternoon in response to a telegram, saying that Joseph Price, a member of the Youngstown team and well known here, was dying.

The News Review

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, SEPT. 22.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President, WILLIAM MCKINLEY, Of Ohio.

For Vice President, GARRET A. HOBART, Of New Jersey.

For Electors at Large, ISAAC F. MACK, ALBERT C. DOUGLASS.

For Secretary of State, CHARLES KINNEY.

For Judge of Supreme Court, MARSHALL J. WILLIAMS.

For Member of Board of Public Works, FRANK HUFFMAN.

For Congress, ROBERT W. TAYLER.

For Judge of the Circuit Court, J. B. BURROWS.

For Judge of Common Pleas Court, P. M. SMITH.

For Probate Judge, J. C. BOONE.

For Clerk of Courts, JOHN S. M'NUTT.

For Recorder, ED. M. CROSSLER.

For Commissioner, CHAS. BOWMAN.

For Indefinite Director, L. C. HOOVER.

For Coroner, JOHN L. STRAUGHN.

THE CLOVEN FOOT.

The "cloven foot" is protruding. Examine the columns of an irresponsible sheet of this city, and note how it advocates hot opposition to John J. Purinton, looking to his defeat when he again comes before his constituents of the Third ward. John J. Purinton is the right man for the place, staunch and fearless in his advocacy of the right and of the very best interests of East Liverpool, her taxpayers and voters.

DO RIGHT.

Why? Simply because it is right. Don't let hope of pecuniary reward or thought of disaster control your thought and action. Right must win! This is the verdict of the Master. It may not win in the manner you have marked out and which you earnestly desire; but win it will. The advocacy of the right may at times drive true men from your side—men who do not look at the right from your standpoint or view, and who are honest in their views. This may hurt you at the time, and cause you trouble and worry; but be true to the right, even under such circumstances, and place your case in the hands of Him who doeth all things well. The man who has Right backing him cannot make a failure, in the true sense of the word failure. He must win. No obstacles exist which he cannot surmount. It is so written in the Book of books. Do the right.

NOT FOR BRYAN.

The little band of free silver men who represent the Bryan forces in the southern part of the county are doomed to bitter disappointment if they so far forget themselves as to expect a respectable showing at the polls. Their leaders are not of the right sort. They do not possess that personal magnetism calculated to draw support to their standard, and their cause has no attraction for the man of common sense. The club organized a few months ago, and reported far and wide as having great expectations, continues to be the same small organization without influence or power. No leading Republicans have declared for Bryan, but men who have never voted anything but the Democratic ticket are this year found fighting for McKinley. Every vote taken in the potteries shows the depth of Republican feeling, and when a carbuncle politician of the Bryan order begins an argument, there are always more than enough sound money men to meet him at every term. The political skies look dark for the Bryan men. There is no silver lining in the clouds above them. The people have commenced to think, and when a people who are as intelligent as the people of this place look seriously upon the political question, the doom of those men teaching repudiation and dishonesty is forever sealed. They but waste their time.

SOUTH AMERICA

Countries That Are Now Using a Debased Currency.

THE SITUATION IN BOLIVIA.

The Condition of the Farmers and Other Working Classes Is Miserable in the Extreme—Effect Upon the Masses of Money of Fluctuating Value—Ex-Minister T. H. Anderson Tells a West Virginia Audience What He Saw and Experienced.

From a report of the opening of the Republican campaign in West Virginia which was sent to the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune from Kingwood, the following is taken:

The speaker of the day was Hon. T. H. Anderson, of Ohio, ex-United States minister to Bolivia, one of the silver standard countries of South America, from 1880 to 1893. He had the opportunity while there of studying the question and noting its evils in the course of his own personal experience. Here are some of the things he told his vast audience about its workings:

"During one year, with the consent of Mr. Blaine, then secretary of state, I had my official residence in Arequipa, the southern metropolis of Peru, also a silver standard country. My official duties brought me in close contact with the diplomatic representatives and the existing conditions of practically all of the South American republics on both coasts. And I want to say to you that, by common consent, the one over-shadowing curse that rests upon the people of South America is a debased currency. It has destroyed their credit abroad, and created and perpetuated universal distrust at home.

"The condition of the working classes, of the farmers, and of the common people is so far removed from the standard of living common to the people of our own country that there is no comparison. Instead of seeing a country dotted with bright and happy homes and the farmers afield pursuing their vocations in the prospect and hope of adequate reward for their toil, their condition is but little better than it was 350 years ago under the dominion of the Inca empire. At best they secure what would be to you an intolerable existence.

"Bolivian money fluctuates from 10 to 20 per cent within a single month. A man who has \$25,000 worth of goods upon his shelves today may wake up tomorrow morning to find that in the fluctuations of silver 10 to 30 per cent of their value has been swept away. The result is that the wholesale merchant, the importer, protects himself against these fluctuating values by selling to the country merchant at such price as will save him from loss and give him a margin of profit. The middleman, or country merchant, in turn protects himself in the same way by selling his goods to the last purchaser at what is to him a ruinous cost; and in turn he buys from him what he has to sell at the lowest possible figure, in order that he may have such profit, as will justify him to continue in business under this fluctuating standard of values. And thus the common people are whipsawed, cut both ways, as they buy and sell. Therefore it is that the condition of the people is as I have described.

"Moreover, the maintenance of our gold reserve is an easy problem as compared with that of keeping their silver, which is their only metallic currency in circulation. And why? Because their paper money, which is redeemable in silver and which, like all other paper money, is without intrinsic value, being the cheaper money, drives the silver out of circulation; just as we claim that silver will drive gold out of circulation if we come to a basis of silver monometallism. Consequently silver is hoarded to such an extent that it is impossible for them to keep in circulation sufficient silver to carry on the ordinary business of the country.

"Therefore it is that when they want to make change, as for instance, if a man wants to pay \$1. or \$5. or \$10. they effect the transaction by tearing the bill in two, each taking half. So that you are not very long in the country until you find yourself receiving and paying out these pieces of paper money in your daily transactions. You have plenty of money, it is true, and that is what Mr. Bryan and his friends tell us we want here; but the important question is, what is it worth when you get it? It takes from 150 to 200 dollars of their money, depending upon the price of silver, to buy a 100-dollar draft on London or New York.

"If that is what is meant by a silver standard, if that is what is meant by the unlimited coinage of silver dollars—for that is what they have done there—are you ready to vote for it, are you ready to join Mr. Bryan in fastening this deplorable system of finance upon this republic? (Cries of "No!" and applause.)

Mr. Anderson then turned his attention to Peru, a country with a very similar state of affairs, but in Peru they will not circulate Bolivian money, and when the traveler crosses the border he must change his Bolivian silver for the silver soles of Peru.

"Watch the women on their shopping tours, and you will see, following demurely behind each seniora or senorita a peon bearing upon his arm a sack of silver, out of which the purchases are paid. When it comes to larger transactions between the centers of population and the interior towns, the silver is transported on the backs of mules and burros to settle their mutual accounts.

"Is this what we want in this country?" he asked. "Are you ready to vote in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver as they have it in Peru, and take your chances of entailing upon this country, even to the slightest degree, the evils to which I have referred?" (Cries of "Never" and applause.)

After narrating something of the conditions that prevail in Chili, another country with a debased currency, Mr. Anderson in conclusion said:

"Out of the issues of this campaign must come the weal or woe of this Republic for many years to come. The man who halts or hesitates in his adherence to principles of financial honor and individual honesty in this campaign, and who dallies with the temptation to debase our currency that he may rob

his neighbor, must consent to be robbed in turn. The man who is yearning for a 50-cent dollar to pay his debts must agree to accept a 50-cent dollar for the labor of his hands and the products of his toil. If we insist on debasing our currency to the standard of Mexico and the central and South American states, then we must be willing to accept their standard of living as well as the standard of civilization of these Latin-American republics.

"My countrymen, let us not forget that ours is the only Anglo-Saxon republic the world has ever seen, and, remembering with pride that no nation has ever yet been strong enough to enslave any portion of the Anglo-Saxon race, let us not unwittingly enslave ourselves; but rather let us bury this heresy of unlimited silver coinage in the same grave where we buried its twin companion, the greenback heresy, nearly a quarter of a century ago; and then, facing the rising sun, continue our onward march until this republic stands tall and stately among the nations of the earth, like a city set upon a hill, that can not be hid." (Loud and prolonged applause.)

"COIN" HARVEY WANTS GOLD.

A Silver Advocate Uses a Pretext to Hoard the Yellow Money.

By advocating silver Mr. Harvey has reaped a harvest in gold.

Yesterday morning W. H. Harvey, commonly known as "Coin" Harvey, because of his authorship of a series of alleged economic papers under that name, left his office at 362 Washington boulevard and came down town. He was accompanied by Miss Josie Hix, his stenographer and confidential clerk. The two went to the Metropolitan National bank at LaSalle and Monroe streets. They went to the window of the paying teller and Mr. Harvey handed in a narrow, long slip of paper, partly written, partly printed. It was a check. It was Mr. Harvey's check. It called for \$2,500.

"I want it in gold," said Mr. Harvey. "And so, because he was a good fellow, and because he had more money, and was nice and didn't demand all in gold, and because it seemed best all around to do it, Cashier Hitchcock made a mark on the check, and the paying teller counted out 125 gold pieces.

Each was a little smaller than a silver dollar, but a good deal heavier. The whole \$2,500 made a glittering yellow column somewhat over nine inches high.

The silver prophet swept that much of the detected metal into the canvas bag and walked out of the bank with his stenographer.

He was destroying the power of gold as other men have attempted to destroy the power of rum. He had proved his antipathy to it by absorbing some of it—by taking that much out of circulation.

Then he took it over to Dearborn street and put it in the safety deposit vault.

The place from which he took it and the place to which he removed it are precisely two blocks apart. But that short walk of "Coin" Harvey with his bag of gold meant more than a thousand speeches.

The bank is good. Mr. Harvey had no fear of its suspension. But he preferred to have the money where he could lay his hands on it at any time without asking leave of any cashier, paying teller or bank president. And he wanted it in gold. Harvey claimed that he wanted the gold to use as an object lesson in his speeches.—Chicago Post.

OUR LATEST SONG.

BY COUSIN ZEEK.

When we look back over their times gone by—McKinley's ther man we want.

When prices were good an' wages were high—McKinley's ther man we want.

When we look back over the last three years—McKinley's ther man we want.

We hev got inter debt up over our ears—McKinley's ther man we want.

That free-trade bill is a thing uv ther past—McKinley's ther man we want.

An' we'll show yew when our votes air cast—McKinley's ther man we want.

They hev baited thar line with a free-silver hook—But McKinley's ther man we want.

We air farmers, but air not ez green ez we look—McKinley's ther man we want.

—Ohio State Journal.

What the Facts Show.

A newspaper organ of the silver mines says:

"While we coined gold and silver, as we did until 1873, none of these disasters which are supposed to attend free silver coinage befell us. Since we stopped that coinage all the evils which the closest students regard as inseparable from gold monometallism have fallen to the lot of the nation."

Before 1873—that is, during 81 years—the government had coined 6,691,721 standard silver dollars.

A SOUTHERN STUMP.

Tennessee Man's Gift to Major McKinley.

ENCOURAGING LETTER WITH IT.

James R. Dunn Arranging For the Big Wheelmen's Reception to Occur Oct. 3. Women's Relief Corps of Cincinnati Arrange to Make a Visit to Canton.

CANTON, O., Sept. 22.—Major McKinley has received by express a finely polished and embellished stump of a tree. It is intended for use in delivering his front porch addresses and is of a convenient height for that purpose. The stump was sent by Jesse C. Grover, sheriff of Knox county, Knoxville, Tenn.

Accompanying the stump was a letter, which said:

"The loyal people of East Tennessee are intensely in earnest in your behalf in the present national contest and being desirous of impressing that fact deeply and firmly on your mind, I have sent a token of our devotion as a people to the cause of good government, which you so ably and faithfully represent. It is our desire and ambition to hold up your hands and cheer you to victory. The contribution which I make today is not only intended to hold up your hands, but is intended to sustain your entire body as well. It is an ideal Republican stump from the great commonwealth of orators. Since we cannot have you on the stump in the south this fall, we hope you will do us the honor to deliver your home speeches from the southern stump."

A telegram from Indianapolis announced that on Oct. 10 the commercial travelers and Republican clubs of that vicinity would be in Canton to call on the nominee.

A Massillon special says: James R. Dunn of this city, now working with the Republican national committee at Chicago, is home for a few days and while here will arrange for a reception of the wheelmen at Canton on Oct. 3. As a former president of the L. A. W., Mr. Dunn has the work under his care. He says that 15,000 wheelmen will visit McKinley on Oct. 3. They will come from all directions and will leave the trains at stations beyond Canton, riding into that town. Mr. Dunn says that it will be the greatest demonstration of the campaign.

A Cincinnati special says: Representatives of the various Women's Relief Corps in and about Cincinnati met here and decided on an excursion of women to visit Major McKinley at Canton, Sept. 28 or 29.

MARYLAND IS SAFE.

The State Electoral Vote Will Be Cast For McKinley.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Colonel William J. Pollock, formerly superintendent of the free delivery service of the postoffice department, has arrived from Washington. He reports Maryland absolutely safe for the Republicans.

"I had a talk on the train," said he, "with one of the leading Republicans, who is well inside the situation there, and he says that Maryland can be absolutely relied upon to give her electoral vote for McKinley and Hobart."

Colonel Pollock reports the letter-carriers of the country generally, wherever he has had opportunity either to talk with them or to hear from them thoroughly in line for sound money.

Among the callers at headquarters was a delegation from Missouri, headed by E. C. Kerens, urging that the party of Union generals, consisting of Generals Sicksles, Alger, Corporal Tanner and others, visit Missouri, making speeches in St. Louis and crossing the state to Kansas City. A telegram has been sent to General Joe Shelby of Kansas City asking him to join the party.

Prof. J. Eastwood of Georgetown college, Kentucky, announces that for the first time in 30 years he will vote the straight Republican ticket. He adds: "And there are many others who are with me. As far as I can judge, there is but little dissatisfaction among the Republican ranks in Kentucky, but many Democrats will vote for McKinley."

SOME CHANCE IN TEXAS.

Republicans About Fused With Populists and Gold Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—H. B. Green, chairman of the Republican state committee of Texas, has been in the city on his way to New York and had a brief conference with Chairman Babcock of the Republican congressional campaign committee. He told Mr. Babcock that Texas was excellent fighting ground for the Republicans and expressed his own determination to press the contest to the end with the hope of winning.

He says that fusion with the Populists and gold Democrats has been practically accomplished and states that in some portions of the state the Populists are talking of a ticket composed of McKinley and Watson. Mr. Green also says that a canvass of the state has just been completed which shows that the Populists outnumber the silver Democrats. Mr. Green thinks it possible to win at least five congressmen from the Democrats in the state.

BRYAN LEAVES DELAWARE.

He Will Address the People of Philadelphia Tonight.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 22.—William J. Bryan left here at 10:50 this morning for Philadelphia, where he will speak tonight, making speeches at Washington Park, N. J., and Chester, Pa., enroute.

He addressed an immense crowd here last night in the Auditorium.

Senator Foraker's Dates.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Senator Foraker of Ohio will speak at Burlington, Ia., on Oct. 3, that date being Republican day of the semi-centennial celebration of the admission of Iowa into the Union. He has also been assigned to speak in Illinois Oct. 1, 2 and 3. One speech will be made at Chicago and one at Springfield, the third not yet having been decided upon.

THE CRISIS DEMANDS PRAYER.

Moody Asks Christians to Pray Over Politics Oct. 8.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—At a mass-meeting called by D. L. Moody in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium and composed of ministers, laymen and Christian people, the following resolutions were adopted: To the Christian citizens of the United States:

We, in common with a large number of our fellow citizens of every religious and political creed, believe that our nation is in the throes of a great conflict portending the most serious consequences, unless there be the merciful interposition of the Divine hand, we believe this to be true independently of any settlement of the present presidential contest one way or another. On the one hand that mysterious factor known as "public confidence" is declining, as illustrated by the depression in both financial and industrial circles, while on the other, political, class and even sectional feeling is running unusually high and likely to become intolerant as the day of election draws near.

Not only is it true that questions requiring the most careful and dispassionate consideration are very likely to be determined in many instances in the heat of passion, but after their determination the results may prove baneful over a wide surface and for a lengthened period.

We would not view the situation, perplexing and forbidding as it is, outside of its relation to the mind of God. We believe in his presence and agency among us. He is the governor among the nations and will be entreated of his people. But we believe this to be a time for Christian patriots to follow the example of our forefathers in earlier crises which have confronted us, and pray unitedly to him "that keepeth covenant and mercy for them that love him and keep his commandments," that he would visit us with special grace.

We therefore affectionately invite, and earnestly urge our Christian fellow citizens throughout the length and breadth of our land, irrespective of denominational or political affiliation, to join with us in observing Thursday, Oct. 8, as a day of fasting, confession and prayer to Almighty God that he will allay passion and restrain evil among us.

That he will strengthen faith and inspire hope, that he will impart wisdom and bestow patience, and that he will forgive our iniquities as a nation and grant us his salvation.

We would further respectfully recommend that in addition to the gatherings held in the usual places of worship on that day union meetings be arranged for in the afternoon or evening, where all may come together to unite their hearts and voices in what we are persuaded is a common cause.

MAY WITHDRAW THACHER.

The New York Democratic State Committee to Meet Tonight.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The meeting of the Democratic state committee called for tonight is causing much discussion and speculation.

It is rumored that Senator Coffey of Kings county will voice the sentiments of silver men on the ticket and ask the committee to use the power delegated it by the state convention and name a new candidate for governor.

It is generally believed that the state organization represented by Senator Hill and Mr. Sheehan hold a majority of the committee in their grasp and that therefore the resolution will be defeated. It is said that in the event of the withdrawal of Thacher the two factions of the Democracy might unite upon Jacob A. Cantor, the state committee ignoring the Buffalo plaidism.

SICKLES TO THE VETERANS.

He Says They Should Do Their Duty in the Present Crisis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—General Daniel E. Sickles of New York, president of the Union Veterans' Patriotic League, has written a letter to Major W. W. Morris of Newark, informing him that he has been chosen the member of its national committee for New Jersey. In his letter Mr. Sickles says, in part:

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Battle Ax

PLUG

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Pretty Printing.

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AN ARGUMENT:—There are eggs and eggs; the egg of yesterday looks, feels, measures and weighs like the egg of last month, but there's a slight difference in another respect, and that difference is respect. It's just so with printing; the difference between the unpracticed discernment, every time. It costs money, but printing bills from an expense to an investment.

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.

HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East Liverpool, O., postoffice.]

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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, SEPT. 22.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
Of Ohio.

For Vice President,
GARRET A. HOBART,
Of New Jersey.

For Electors at Large,
ISAAC F. MACK,
ALBERT C. HODGKINS,
For Secretary of State,
CHARLES KINNEY.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
MARSHALL J. WILLIAMS.
For Member of Board of Public Works,
FRANK HUFFMAN.

For Congress,
ROBERT W. TAYLOR.
For Judge of the Circuit Court,
J. B. BURROWS.

For Judge of Common Pleas Court,
P. M. SMITH.
For Probate Judge,
J. C. BOONE.

For Clerk of Courts,
JOHN S. M'NETT.
For Recorder,
ED. M. CROSSER.
For Commissioner,
CHRIS. BOWMAN.
For Infirmary Director,
L. C. HOOPES.
For Coroner,
JOHN L. STRAUGHN.

THE CLOVEN FOOT.

The "cloven foot" is protruding. Examine the columns of an irresponsible sheet of this city, and note how it advocates hot opposition to John J. Purinton, looking to his defeat when he again comes before his constituents of the Third ward. John J. Purinton is the right man for the place, staunch and fearless in his advocacy of the right and of the very best interests of East Liverpool, her taxpayers and voters.

DO RIGHT.

Why? Simply because it is right. Don't let hope of pecuniary reward or thought of disaster control your thought and action. Right must win! This is the verdict of the Master. It may not win in the manner you have marked out and which you earnestly desire; but win it will. The advocacy of the right may at times drive true men from your side—men who do not look at the right from your standpoint or view, and who are honest in their views. This may hurt you at the time, and cause you trouble and worry; but be true to the right, even under such circumstances, and place your case in the hands of Him who doeth all things well. The man who has Right backing him cannot make a failure. He must win. No obstacles exist which he cannot surmount. It is so written in the Book of books. Do the right.

NOT FOR BRYAN.

The little band of free silver men who represent the Bryan forces in the southern part of the county are doomed to bitter disappointment if they so far forget themselves as to expect a respectable showing at the polls. Their leaders are not of the right sort. They do not possess that personal magnetism calculated to draw support to their standard, and their cause has no attraction for the man of common sense. The club organized a few months ago, and reported far and wide as having great expectations, continues to be the same small organization without influence or power. No leading Republicans have declared for Bryan, but men who have never voted anything but the Democratic ticket are this year found fighting for McKinley. Every vote taken in the potteries shows the depth of Republican feeling, and when a curbstone politician of the Bryan order begins an argument, there are always more than enough sound money men to meet him at every term. The political skies look dark for the Bryan men. There is no silver lining in the clouds above them. The people have commenced to think, and when a people who are as intelligent as the people of this place look seriously upon the political question, the doom of those men teaching repudiation and dishonesty is forever sealed. They but waste their time.

SOUTH AMERICA

Countries That Are Now Using a Debased Currency.

THE SITUATION IN BOLIVIA.

The Condition of the Farmers and Other Working Classes Is Miserable in the Extreme—Effect Upon the Masses of Money of Fluctuating Value—Ex-Minister T. H. Anderson Tells a West Virginia Audience What He Saw and Experienced.

From a report of the opening of the Republican campaign in West Virginia which was sent to the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune from Kingwood, the following is taken:

The speaker of the day was Hon. T. H. Anderson, of Ohio, ex-United States minister to Bolivia, one of the silver standard countries of South America, from 1889 to 1893. He had the opportunity while there of studying the question and noting its evils in the course of his own personal experience. Here are some of the things he told his vast audience about its workings:

"During one year, with the consent of Mr. Blaine, then secretary of state, I had my official residence in Arequipa, the southern metropolis of Peru, also a silver standard country. My official duties brought me in close contact with the diplomatic representatives and the existing conditions of practically all of the South American republics on both coasts. And I want to say to you that, by common consent, the one over-shadowing curse that rests upon the people of South America is a debased currency. It has destroyed their credit abroad, and created and perpetuates universal distrust at home.

"The condition of the working classes, of the farmers, and of the common people is so far removed from the standard of living common to the people of our own country that there is no comparison. Instead of seeing a country dotted with bright and happy homes and the farmers and farmers' wives pursuing their vocations in the prospect and hope of adequate reward for their toil, their condition is but little better than it was 350 years ago under the dominion of the Inca empire. At best they secure what would be to you an intolerable existence.

"Bolivian money fluctuates from 10 to 20 per cent within a single month. A man who has \$25,000 worth of goods upon his shelves today may wake up tomorrow morning to find that in the fluctuations of silver 10 to 30 per cent of their value has been swept away. The result is that the wholesale merchant, the importer, protects himself against these fluctuating values by selling to the country merchant at such price as will save him from loss and give him a margin of profit. The middleman, or country merchant, in turn protects himself in the same way by selling his goods to the last purchaser at what is to him a ruinous cost; and in turn he buys from him what he has to sell at the lowest possible figure, in order that he may have such profit as will justify him to continue in business under this fluctuating standard of values. And thus the common people are whipsawed, cut both ways, as they buy and sell. Therefore it is that the condition of the people is as I have described.

"Moreover, the maintenance of our gold reserve is an easy problem as compared with that of keeping their silver, which is their only metallic currency in circulation. And why? Because their paper money, which is redeemable in silver and which, like all other paper money, is without intrinsic value, being the cheaper money, drives the silver out of circulation; just as we claim that silver will drive gold out of circulation if we come to a basis of silver monometallism. Consequently silver is hoarded to such an extent that it is impossible for them to keep in circulation sufficient silver to carry on the ordinary business of the country.

"Therefore it is that when they want to make change, as, for instance, if A wants to pay B \$1, or \$5, or \$10, they effect the transaction by tearing the bill in two, each taking half. So that you are not very long in the country until you find yourself receiving and paying out these pieces of paper money in your daily transactions. You have plenty of money, it is true, and that is what Mr. Bryan and his friends tell us we want here; but the important question is, what is it worth when you get it? It takes from 150 to 200 dollars of their money, depending upon the price of silver, to buy a 100-dollar draft on London or New York.

"If that is what is meant by a silver standard, if that is what is meant by the unlimited coinage of silver dollars—for that is what they have done there—are you ready to vote for it, are you ready to join Mr. Bryan in fastening this deplorable system of finance upon this republic?" [Cries of "No!" and applause.]

Mr. Anderson then turned his attention to Peru, a country with a very similar state of affairs, but in Peru they will not circulate Bolivian money, and when the traveler crosses the border he must change his Bolivian silver for the silver soles of Peru.

"Watch the women on their shopping tours, and you will see, following demurely behind each senora or senorita a peon bearing under his arm a sack of silver, out of which the purchases are paid. When it comes to larger transactions between the centers of population and the interior towns, the silver is transported on the backs of mules and burros to settle their mutual accounts.

"Is this what we want in this country?" he asked. "Are you ready to vote in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver as they have it in Peru, and take your chances of entailing upon this country, even to the slightest degree, the evils to which I have referred?" [Cries of "Never!" and applause.]

his neighbor, must consent to be robbed in turn. The man who is yearning for a 50-cent dollar to pay his debts must agree to accept a 50-cent dollar for the labor of his hands and the products of his toil. If we insist on debasing our currency to the standard of Mexico and the central and South American states, then we must be willing to accept their standard of living as well as the standard of civilization of these Latin-American republics.

"My countrymen, let us not forget that ours is the only Anglo-Saxon republic the world has ever seen, and remembering with pride that no nation has ever yet been strong enough to enslave any portion of the Anglo-Saxon race, let us not unwittingly enslave ourselves; but rather let us bury this heresy of unlimited silver coinage in the same grave where we buried its twin companion, the greenback heresy, nearly a quarter of a century ago; and then, facing the rising sun, continue our onward march until this republic stands tall and stately among the nations of the earth, like a city set upon a hill, that can not be hid." [Loud and prolonged applause.]

"COIN" HARVEY WANTS GOLD.

A Silver Advocate Uses a Pretext to Hoard the Yellow Money.

By advocating silver Mr. Harvey has reaped a harvest in gold. Yesterday morning W. H. Harvey, commonly known as "Coin" Harvey, because of his authorship of a series of alleged economic papers under that name, left his office at 362 Washington boulevard and came down town. He was accompanied by Miss Josie Hix, his stenographer and confidential clerk. They went to the Metropolitan National bank at LaSalle and Monroe streets. They went to the window of the paying teller and Mr. Harvey handed in a narrow, long slip of paper, partly written, partly printed. It was a check. It was Mr. Harvey's check. It called for \$2,500.

"I want it in gold," said Mr. Harvey. "And so, because he was a good fellow, and because he had more money, and was nice and didn't demand all in gold, and because it seemed best all around to do it, Cashier Hitchcock made a mark on the check, and the paying teller counted out 125 gold pieces.

Each was a little smaller than a silver dollar, but a good deal heavier. The whole \$2,500 made a glittering yellow column somewhat over nine inches high.

The silver prophet swept that much of the detested metal into the canvas bag and walked out of the bank with his stenographer.

He was destroying the power of gold as they men have attempted to destroy the power of silver. He had proved his antipathy to it by absorbing some of it by taking that much out of circulation.

Then he took it over to Dearborn street and put it in the safety deposit vault.

The place from which he took it and the place to which he removed it are precisely two blocks apart. But that short walk of "Coin" Harvey with his bag of gold meant more than a thousand speeches.

The bank is good. Mr. Harvey had no fear of its suspension. But he preferred to have the money where he could lay his hands on it at any time without asking leave of any cashier, paying teller or bank president. And he wanted it in gold. Harvey claimed that he wanted the gold to use as an object lesson in his speeches.—Chicago Post.

OUR LATEST SONG.

BY COUSIN ZEKKE.

When we look back over the times gone by—
McKinley's then man we want.
When prices were good and wages were high—
McKinley's then man we want.

When we look back over the last three years—
McKinley's then man we want.
We've got inter debt over our ears—
McKinley's then man we want.

That free-trade bill is a thing over their past—
McKinley's then man we want.
An' we'll show 'em when we vote at east—
McKinley's then man we want.

They've baited that line with a free-silver hook—
McKinley's then man we want.
We air farmers, but air not as green as we look—
McKinley's then man we want.

—Ohio State Journal.

What the Facts Show.

A newspaper organ of the silver mines says:

"While we coined gold and silver, as we did until 1873, none of these disasters which are supposed to attend free silver coinage befell us. Since we stopped that coinage all the evils which the closest students regard as inseparable from gold monometallism have fallen to the lot of the nation."

Before 1873—that is, during 81 years—the government had coined 6,691,721 standard silver dollars.

From 1878 to 1896, a period of 18 years, it coined 429,289,916 full legal tender silver dollars and issued \$157,000,000 of treasury notes in purchase of 168,674,682 fine ounces of silver.

Can the relation between silver and "disasters" be traced in these figures?

What Jefferson Said.

The law, or the mint under it, does not "fix the price" of gold. It simply recognizes and stamps the value of the metal as settled by what Thomas Jefferson called "the market price of gold in the great commercial nations." He truly said that "the proportion between the values of gold and silver is a mercantile problem altogether." The melting-pot test holds good with gold not only here but everywhere in the world. The same test applied to silver, even under free coinage here, would give the metal only its commercial value about 33 cents to a dollar—in the markets of the world. The United States can not make a standard of value for the world. Neither can we maintain an isolated position.

The "Conditions Prior to 1873."

Do the silverites really want restored "the conditions prior to 1873?"

In that year the total coin in the United States, including bullion in the treasury, was \$25,000,000. The total money per capita was \$15.85. Now the coin in the country, including bullion in the treasury, is \$1,226,618,792. The money per capita is \$126.36. Before 1873, we had coined only a little over 6,500,000 silver dollars. Now we have over 420,000,000. During 1873 only 296,300 were coined. From January 1 to June 30 this year, there were coined 7,500,417.—New York World (Dem.)

A SOUTHERN STUMP.

Tennessee Man's Gift to Major McKinley.

ENCOURAGING LETTER WITH IT.

James R. Dunn Arranging For the Big Wheelmen's Reception to Occur Oct. 3. Women's Relief Corps of Cincinnati Arrange to Make a Visit to Canton.

CANTON, O., Sept. 22.—Major McKinley has received by express a finely polished and embellished stump of a tree. It is intended for use in delivering his front porch addresses and is of a convenient height for that purpose. The stump was sent by Jesse C. Grover, sheriff of Knox county, Knoxville, Tenn.

Accompanying the stump was a letter, which said:

"The loyal people of East Tennessee are intensely in earnest in your behalf in the present national contest and being desirous of impressing that fact deeply and firmly on your mind, I have sent a token of our devotion as a people to the cause of good government, which you so ably and fitly represent. It is our desire and ambition to hold up your hands and cheer you to victory. The contribution which I make today is not only intended to hold up your hands, but is intended to sustain your entire body as well. It is an ideal Republican stump from the great commonwealth of orators. Since we cannot have you on the stump in the south this fall, we hope you will do us the honor to deliver your home speeches from the southern stump."

A telegram from Indianapolis announced that on Oct. 10 the commercial travelers and Republican clubs of that vicinity would be in Canton to call on the nominee.

A Massillon special says: James R. Dunn of this city, now working with the Republican national committee at Chicago, is home for a few days and while here will arrange for a reception of the wheelmen at Canton on Oct. 3. As a former president of the L. A. W., Mr. Dunn has the work under his care. He says that 15,000 wheelmen will visit McKinley on Oct. 3. They will come from all directions and will leave the trains at stations beyond Canton, riding into that town. Mr. Dunn says that it will be the greatest demonstration of the campaign.

A Cincinnati special says: Representatives of the various Women's Relief Corps in and about Cincinnati met here and decided on an excursion of women to visit Major McKinley at Canton, Sept. 28 or 29.

MARYLAND IS SAFE.

The State Electoral Vote Will Be Cast For McKinley.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Colonel William J. Pollock, formerly superintendent of the free delivery service of the postoffice department, has arrived from Washington. He reports Maryland absolutely safe for the Republicans.

"I had a talk on the train," said he, "with one of the leading Republicans, who is well inside the situation there, and he says that Maryland can be absolutely relied upon to give her electoral vote for McKinley and Hobart."

Colonel Pollock reports the letter-carriers of the country generally, wherever he has had opportunity either to talk with them or hear from them thoroughly in line for sound money.

Among the callers at headquarters was a delegation from Missouri, headed by R. C. Kerens, urging that the party of Union generals, consisting of Generals Sickles, Alger, Corporal Tanner and others, visit Missouri, making speeches in St. Louis and crossing the state to Kansas City. A telegram has been sent to General Joe Shelby of Kansas City asking him to join the party.

Prof. J. Eastwood of Georgetown college, Kentucky, announces that for Oct. 10 in 30 years he will vote the straight Republican ticket. He adds: "And there are many others who are with me. As far as I can judge, there is but little dissatisfaction among the Republican ranks in Kentucky, but many Democrats will vote for McKinley."

SOME CHANCE IN TEXAS.

Republicans About Fused With Populists and Gold Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—H. B. Green, chairman of the Republican state committee of Texas, has been in the city on his way to New York and had a brief conference with Chairman Babcock of the Republican congressional campaign committee. He told Mr. Babcock that Texas was excellent fighting ground for the Republicans and expressed his own determination to press the contest to the end with the hope of winning.

He says that fusion with the Populists and gold Democrats has been practically accomplished and states that in some portions of the state the Populists are talking of a ticket composed of McKinley and Watson. Mr. Green also says that a canvass of the state has just been completed which shows that the Populists outnumber the silver Democrats. Mr. Green thinks it possible to win at least five congressmen from the Democrats in the state.

BRYAN LEAVES DELAWARE.

He Will Address the People of Philadelphia Tonight.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 22.—William J. Bryan left here at 10:50 this morning for Philadelphia, where he will speak tonight, making speeches at Washington Park, N. J., and Chester, Pa., enroute.

He addressed an immense crowd here last night in the Auditorium.

Senator Foraker's Dates.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Senator Foraker of Ohio will speak at Burlington, Ia., on Oct. 5, that date being Republican day of the semi-centennial celebration of the admission of Iowa into the Union. He has also been assigned to speak in Illinois Oct. 1, 2 and 3. One speech will be made at Chicago and one at Springfield, the third not yet having been decided upon.

THE CRISIS DEMANDS PRAYER.

Moody Asks Christians to Pray Over Politics Oct. 8.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—At a mass-meeting called by D. L. Moody in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium and composed of ministers, laymen and Christian people, the following resolutions were adopted: To the Christian citizens of the United States: We, in common with a large number of our fellow citizens of every religious and political creed, believe that our nation is in the throes of a great conflict portending the most serious consequences, unless there be the merciful interposition of the Divine hand, we believe this to be true independently of any settlement of the present presidential contest one way or another. On the one hand that mysterious factor known as "public confidence" is declining, as illustrated by the depression in both financial and industrial circles while on the other, political, class and even sectional feeling is running unusually high and likely to become keener as the day of election draws near.

Not only is it true that questions requiring the most careful and dispassionate consideration are very likely to be determined in many instances in the heat of passion, but after their determination the results may prove baneful over a wide surface and for a lengthened period.

We would not view the situation, perplexing and forbidding as it is, outside of its relation to the mind of God. We believe in his presence and agency among us. He is the governor among the nations and will be the creator of his people. But we believe this to be a time for Christian patriots to follow the example of our forefathers in earlier crises which have confronted us, and pray unitedly to him that keepeth covenant and mercy for them that love him and keep his commandments, that he would visit us with special grace.

We therefore affectionately invite, and earnestly urge our Christian fellow citizens throughout the length and breadth of our land, irrespective of denominational or political affiliation, to join with us in observing Thursday, Oct. 8, as a day of fasting, confession and prayer to Almighty God that he will allay passion and restrain evil among us.

That he will strengthen faith and inspire hope, that he will impart wisdom and bestow patience, and that he will forgive our iniquities as a nation and grant us his salvation.

We would further respectfully recommend that in addition to the gatherings in the usual places of worship on that day, united meetings be arranged for in the afternoon or evening, where all may come together to unite their hearts and voices in what we are persuaded is a common cause.

MAY WITHDRAW THACHER.

The New York Democratic State Committee to Meet Tonight.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The meeting of the Democratic state committee called for tonight is causing much discussion and speculation.

It is rumored that Senator Coffey of Kings county will voice the sentiments of silver men on the ticket and ask the committee to use the power delegated it by the state convention and name a new candidate for governor.

It is generally believed that the state organization represented by Senator Hill and Mr. Sheehan hold a majority of the committee in their grasp and that therefore the resolution will be defeated. It is said that in the event of the withdrawal of Thacher the two factions of the Democracy might unite upon Jacob A. Cantor, the state committee ignoring the Buffalo platform.

SICKLES TO THE VETERANS.

He Says They Should Do Their Duty in the Present Crisis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—General Daniel E. Sickles of New York, president of the Union Veterans' Patriotic League, has written a letter to Major W. W. Morris of Newark, informing him that he has been chosen the member of its national committee for New Jersey. In his letter Mr. Sickles says, in part:

"Nearly 1,000,000 veterans of the late war are still alive, and they are almost unanimous for McKinley and the nation's honor. To call on them to stand for the right would seem almost unnecessary as they ought to do their duty in the present crisis, as when the republic was in peril 35 years ago, but every veteran and son of a veteran can influence his family and friends, and will do so if called upon. Hence the usefulness of organization.

"We are laboring not only for the integrity and honor of the nation, but also for a comrade who touched elbows with us and who carried his musket in the ranks."

BAPTISTS FOR MCKINLEY.

The National Convention of Baptists Endorses Him For the Presidency.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 22.—One thousand delegates took part in the opening of the sixth day's session of the national Baptist convention conducted by Rev. George W. Bollenge of Kentucky and Charles Stewart of Chicago. President E. C. Morris of Arkansas presided.

The report of the committee on the state of the country, which was unanimously adopted, endorsed McKinley for President of the United States.

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At Least Five Lives Lost in the Strike Riot.

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An American Missionary Included.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 22.—The first commission, just appointed by King Leopold, for the protection of the natives of the Congo state, included Dr. Sims of the American Baptist mission.

Brotherhood of Carpenters.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 22.—The biennial convention of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America has begun here, with President Owens of New York in the chair.



"A Good Foundation."

Battle Ax PLUG

Lay your foundation with "Battle Ax." It is the corner stone of economy. It is the one tobacco that is both BIG and GOOD. There is no better. There is no other 5-cent plug as large. Try it and see for yourself.

Pretty Printing.

OUR work is not always perfect; but nine times out of ten, and six days in the week, we are doing the best work in eastern Ohio. We're equipped for it.

AN ARGUMENT:—There are terday looks, feels, measures and weighs like the egg of last month, but there's a slight difference in another respect, and that difference is worth money. It's just so with printing; the difference between the unpracticed slipshod, but it's a difference that counts every time. It costs money, but printing bills—no it changes the to an investment.

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For sale at Will Reed's Opera House Pharmacy, Sixth Street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

BARDSEY FREE TODAY

The Pardon Recommendation Signed by Gov. Hastings.

PRECARIOUS HEALTH THE CAUSE.

The Paralytic Stroke Last Thursday Evidently Decided the Matter in the Prisoner's Favor—Sentenced in 1891 For Embezzling Nearly \$1,000,000.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 22.—The Governor Hastings has signed the recommendation for a pardon for John Bardsey, ex-city treasurer of Philadelphia.

In 1891 he was sentenced to 15 years for embezzling nearly \$1,000,000 of city and state moneys.

The governor gives no reason for his action, although it is thought his decision was hastened by the fact that Bardsey was stricken with paralysis of the left side Thursday last. The pardon was mailed last night by Chief Clerk Gearhart of the state department to Warden Cassidy of the Eastern penitentiary, and Bardsey will be set free today.

The financial panic of the summer of 1891, which wrought Bardsey's downfall, was one of the worst this city has ever suffered. It began with the sudden collapse of the Keystone bank and the ruin of its president, Gideon K. Marsh, who is still a fugitive from justice.

The Spring Garden bank was the next to close its doors, and the Kennedy brothers, its president and cashier, were sent to prison for 10 years. Cashier Lawrence of the Keystone was given seven years and was pardoned about two months ago by President Cleveland.

In those two banks Bardsey had deposited hundreds of thousands of state and city funds under an arrangement by which, if he was charged, he and the officers named reaped personal profit. Unfortunately stock speculations primarily caused Bardsey's ruin, although it has been repeatedly urged that he was little more than a scapegoat for worse sinners.

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Bardsey was promptly arrested, with the others of those involved who could be caught, and on July 2, the sentence was imposed.

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A defect in the Wertz liquor law saved a Trenton (N. J.) saloonkeeper from having his license revoked for selling to minors.

William Oliver, an ironmolder, was killed by a blow in the face from Martin O'Brien, a slaughterhouse worker in Brooklyn.

An unknown man committed suicide in the rear of the Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, by shooting himself in the head with a revolver.

Stultze Carlisle, an Osterman, was shot and killed at Fox's mill, near Millville, N. J., while Simon Shaw was arrested charged with the murder.

A farewell service for Rev. and Mrs. James B. Ely, who are going as missionaries to India, was held at Oxford Presbyterian church, Philadelphia.

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Michael Pizzo, 36 years old, 612 Baker street, was shot and killed and six other persons were wounded during a fusillade of bullets between police and Italians at a raid on the alleged speakeasy of Michael Waipa, 612 Baker street, Philadelphia.

Young Hew, the Cornell student who so mysteriously disappeared two years ago, has returned home to Buffalo. He has no knowledge of how he got from Ithaca to New York, first regaining consciousness on the ocean. He enters college again as a freshman.

TO MASSACRE CHRISTIANS.

Turks Ready Had Ships Passed the Dardanelles.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times quotes a Constantinople dispatch to The Vossische Zeitung from an unusually well-informed correspondent, which is said to have evaded the censorship of the Turkish officials, and which says:

"Last Wednesday and Thursday everything was ready for a general massacre of Christians and a bombardment of Constantinople should the European warships attempt to pass the Dardanelles. There were 48 guns placed in position on the heights above Pera and the Turkish fleet in the harbor was cleared for action. The street patrols were composed exclusively of palace troops, while the Soudanese and Kurdish cavalry, though apparently unarmed, loitered in the streets awaiting the word of command."

The Times has a dispatch from Sebastopol, which declares that a portion of the Russian Black sea fleet, consisting of four ironclads, three gunboats and several torpedo boats is cruising off Otschekoff at the mouth of the Dnieper under orders on receipt of a telegram from the Russian ambassador at Constantinople to join the admiral leaving here with the remainder of the fleet and to go direct to the Bosphorus. The whole fleet has been placed on a war footing and has embarked three battalions in infantry and troops. The south of Russia has also been placed on a war footing.

MORE FIGHTING LIKELY.

The Dervish Leader Preparing to Oppose the British Advance.

EL HARTI, on the Nile, Sept. 22.—It reported that Wad Bishara, the commander of the Dervish forces, has reached the vicinity of Dongola on his retreat from this place and is preparing to oppose the Egyptian advance. Wad Bishara's wounds are severe, but are not mortal.

The Dervish troops are deserting in large numbers to the Egyptians.

Queen Victoria has telegraphed her congratulations to Sir Herbert Mitchell, the sirdar of the expedition.

Major Jackson's battalion has found in the desert an enormous quantity of ammunition. Including a number of boxes of Nordenfeldt ammunition, which are known to have belonged to Hicks Pasha's ill-fated force, which was annihilated in the interior of the Sudan in the former war with the mahdi.

SPAIN'S TOTTERING THRONE.

Don Carlos Says His Adherents Are Ready to Rise.

MADRID, Sept. 22.—The Carlist agitation continues making headway slowly, and the organization in that interest is being perfected at every point.

The Herald publishes another interview with Don Carlos, in which he is quoted as blaming the feebleness of Spain's dealings with the United States and declares that the situation is the same as that which preceded the revolution of 1868.

In conclusion Don Carlos is said to have remarked that the Carlists were completely organized, disciplined and armed and that they only await his word in order to rise against the government.

Rival Polish Conventions.

BUFFALO, Sept. 22.—Two large Polish conventions, the aims of which are decidedly antagonistic, opened in this city today. One is that of the Polish Roman Catholic church and the other the Independent Polish Catholics.

Pugilist Fitzsimmons Arrested.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, has been arrested on an indictment found by the grand jury last week, accusing him of agreeing to engage in a prizefight with James J. Corbett.

Slavin Knocked Out.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—O'Donnell knocked Slavin out in the fifth round.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Pittsburgh.—0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 5 2
Louisville.—0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 7 3
Batteries—Merritt and Hawley; Dexter and Herman. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 1,000.

Second game.
Pittsburgh.—0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0—9 8 6
Louisville.—2 1 0 0 0 3 0 0—6 12 1
Batteries—Sugden and Killen; Miller and Cunningham. Umpire—Emslie.

At Cleveland.—R R E
Cleveland.—0 1 0 1 0 0 0—4 10 2
Cincinnati.—0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 9 2
Batteries—Zimmer, Cappy and Wilson; Vaughn and Dwyer. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 2,000.

At Baltimore.—R R E
Baltimore.—3 0 0 2 0 1 4—13 13 1
Philadelphia.—0 0 0 4 1 1 0—6 9 1
Batteries—Robinson and Hemming; Grady and Carney. Umpire—Hornung. Attendance, 1,318.

At Washington.—R R E
Washington.—2 0 2 0 0 0—4 8 6
New York.—0 0 1 2 1 2—8 10 0
Batteries—Maguire and Mercer; Warner and Meekin. Umpire—Lynch. Attendance, 4,800.

At Brooklyn.—R R E
Brooklyn.—2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3 6 5
Boston.—0 1 0 0 0 3 1 0—5 6 3
Batteries—Grim and Daub; Bergen and Stivett. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 1,000.

Standing of the Clubs.

W L P
Baltimore . 88 37 . 704 New York . 82 64 . 492
Cleveland . 75 63 . 534 Phila . 65 70 . 482
Cincinnati . 75 60 . 563 Brooklyn . 55 70 . 444
Boston . 71 56 . 585 Wash . 55 71 . 436
Chicago . 71 57 . 555 St. Louis . 39 89 . 280
Pittsburgh . 65 61 . 516 Louisville . 36 91 . 282

League Games Scheduled Today.

Cincinnati at Cleveland; Philadelphia at Baltimore; Louisville at Pittsburgh; Boston at Brooklyn; New York at Washington.

Yesterday's Interstate League Games.

At Toledo.—Toledo, 13 runs, 15 hits, 4 errors; Jackson, 5 runs, 12 hits, 2 errors. Batteries—Coyle and Arthur; Bronskill and Fear.

At New Castle.—New Castle, 11 hits, 10 runs, 4 errors; Youngstown, 8 runs, 7 hits, 6 errors. Batteries—Swain and Donovan; Jordan and Zihman.

Interstate Games Scheduled Today.

St. Wayne at Saginaw; Toledo at Jackson; New Castle at Wheeling and Youngstown at Washington.

Interstate League Standing.

W L P
Toledo . 40 15 . 725 New Castle . 28 44 . 440
Youngstown . 36 48 . 436 Jackson . 37 43 . 460
St. Wayne . 35 49 . 386 Saginaw . 18 52 . 360
Wheeling . 35 49 . 368 Wash ton . 16 54 . 360

GAIN IN PENSIONERS.

A Slight Increase Over the Preceding Year.

THE COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

Over a Million Less Money Disbursed. The Lists Will Not Be Revised Further—Swindlers Convicted—Next Year's Estimate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Dominic I. Murphy, commissioner of pensions, has made his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, to Secretary Francis. He says:

"There were added to the rolls during the year 40,374 new pensioners, and there were restored 3,872 who had been previously dropped, a total of 44,247. During the same period the losses were 29,893 by death; 1,141 by marriage (widows); 1,684 by legal limitation (minors); 2,552 because of failure to claim pension for three years, and 9,323 for other causes, a total aggregate of 44,093. The net gain was 134 over the previous year.

"The whole number of pensioners on the roll June 30, 1896, was 970,678. While the rolls show a slight gain in numbers over the year immediately preceding the amount disbursed for pensions was \$138,214,761 a decrease of \$1,592,575 as compared with the previous year. There were 495,694 pensions claims pending at the close of the fiscal year, 334,337 being applications for increases made by persons on the rolls.

"Although last year's estimate of \$140,000,000 for pensions was \$1,790,620 more than was necessary for the past fiscal year the commissioner duplicates that estimate for the next fiscal year stating that he believes the adjudication of many cases will make the full amount necessary. An estimate of \$1,228,580 is made for miscellaneous expenses."

Concerning prosecutions he says: "Offenders against the pension laws have been so rigorously prosecuted during the past three years that the criminal work of the law division has been materially lessened. Through the combined efforts of the law division and the special examination division there has been refunded to the United States during the year \$20,983, of which \$10,726 were recovered as the outcome of eight civil suits. During the year 339 indictments were found and there were 242 recommendations for prosecution. The number of convictions were 167, the number of sentences 160 and 82 offenders against the Pension laws were taken into custody."

Regarding the revising of the pension list the commissioner says: "There is no foundation for the erroneous impression that it is the intention still further to revise the lists, as the purging of the rolls, commenced in 1891, has been entirely accomplished. It ought to be understood, however, that there still exists the purpose to maintain the pension roll as the nation's roll of honor."

Commissioner Murphy recommends an increase of 12 per cent of pensions to survivors of the Mexican war and also recommends pensions to widows of officers and soldiers who died from causes originating in the service prior to March 4, 1861.

The Weather.

Light local showers, followed by fair; light to fresh northerly winds; cooler tonight.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 21.
WHEAT—No. 1 old red, 68c; No. 2 red, 67c; No. 3 red, 66c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 35c; No. 3 yellow, ear, 34c; high mixed, 35c; No. 2 mixed ear, 35c; No. 3 mixed ear, 34c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 35c; No. 2 do, 34c; No. 3 do, 33c; extra No. 3 white, 24c; No. 2, 24c; No. 1, 24c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$11.25; No. 2, \$10.00; No. 3, \$9.00; No. 4, \$8.00; No. 5, \$7.00; No. 6, \$6.00; No. 7, \$5.00; No. 8, \$4.00; No. 9, \$3.00; No. 10, \$2.00; No. 11, \$1.00; No. 12, \$0.50.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 12c; No. 1 creamery, 14c; No. 2 creamery, 13c; Ohio fancy creamery, 14c; No. 1, 13c; No. 2, 12c; low grade and cooking, 8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, 8c; No. 1, 7c; No. 2, 6c; No. 3, 5c; Wisconsin, 7c; No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 5c; No. 3, 4c; Swiss, 7c; No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 5c; No. 3, 4c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15c; No. 1, 14c; No. 2, 13c; No. 3, 12c; No. 4, 11c; No. 5, 10c; No. 6, 9c; No. 7, 8c; No. 8, 7c; No. 9, 6c; No. 10, 5c; No. 11, 4c; No. 12, 3c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 70c; No. 1, 65c; No. 2, 60c; No. 3, 55c; No. 4, 50c; No. 5, 45c; No. 6, 40c; No. 7, 35c; No. 8, 30c; No. 9, 25c; No. 10, 20c; No. 11, 15c; No. 12, 10c.

DUCKS—Large live ducks, 12c; No. 1, 11c; No. 2, 10c; No. 3, 9c; No. 4, 8c; No. 5, 7c; No. 6, 6c; No. 7, 5c; No. 8, 4c; No. 9, 3c; No. 10, 2c; No. 11, 1c; No. 12, 0c.

WASHINGT. Sept. 21.—The state department has been advised by a telegram from Vice Consul Khouri, at Beirut, Syria, that the consul there, Thomas R. Gibson, has died from smallpox.

A Protectorate in Korea.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Times expresses the belief that Russia and Japan have agreed to join protectorate in Korea, Russia virtually taking the position there that China held before the war.

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DALLAS, Sept. 22.—The first session of the sovereign grand lodge was called together behind closed doors. Grand Sir Stebbins' annual address occupied the time of the entire session.

Will Train Ann Arbor Team.
SARATOGA, Sept. 22.—Jim Robinson, formerly identified with the Manhattan Athletic club of New York city, will train the University of Michigan football team.

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HAVANA, Sept. 22.—Tomorrow three men, described as "kidnappers," will be garrotted. Their names are Manuel Rodriguez, Manuel Perez and Victor Santa Cruz.

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American Bankers' Convention.
ST. LOUIS, Sept. 22.—The annual meeting of the American Bankers' association convened at the Planters' hotel today.

TYNAN IS NATURALIZED.

He Pleads That France Save Him From England's Fury.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The United States ambassador to France, Mr. James B. Eustis, has received a letter from P. J. Tynan, the alleged dynamite conspirator, now in custody at Boulogne-Sur-Mer.

Tynan wrote that he arrived in the United States in March, 1883; that shortly after England demanded his extradition and that the United States refused it on the ground that the offense alleged was purely political.

In April, 1888, Tynan continued, he was naturalized by Judge Daly; he now resides, he wrote, with his wife, children and two servants in a villa on the Hudson; and he referred to Judge Fitzgerald and Judge Roger A. Pryor as his friends.

Referring to his presence in France at this time, Tynan states that he left New York on a European tour, and that upon being informed that he was shadowed by Scotland Yard detectives, he traveled under an assumed name, went to Italy, Belgium and France and was booked to return to New York by the Saale, sailing from Cherbourg Sept. 30.

Further, Tynan pledged his honor that he had not taken part in any affair of a political nature while in France, and that he had not done anything beyond the ordinary sightseeing and observation of the common American tourist. He appealed to Mr. Eustis to intercede with the French government not to surrender him to England, as such a surrender, he adds, would mean certain death to him.

AN OUTRAGE BY THE SWISS.

Arrested and Jailed an American Official by Mistake.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—A special dispatch from Bern, Switzerland, says that Mr. George F. Curtis, one of the assistant librarians of the congress of the United States, residing at The Arno, Washington, has been arrested and jailed in Grindelwald, 35 miles from that city, but afterward released.

It appears that the outrage was the result of a piece of police stupidity. Mr. Curtis being mistaken for a criminal who was wanted by the Swiss police. In addition to his passport, Mr. Curtis carried a circular letter of introduction from the secretary of state of the United States. He has lodged a complaint against his treatment with the consul of the United States, who is now making a thorough investigation of the matter.

THE BRUTE BEING PURSUED.

A Sensational Attempt at Wife Murder Near Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 22.—A highly sensational attempt at murder has aroused the citizens of Bedford, a suburb of this city, and the entire surrounding territory.

James McMillen, who had separated from his wife, decoyed her from her father's home, kidnapper her, drove to a dense woods and there hacked her throat with a knife. Pursuers frightened him away. He stole a horse and buggy, started across the country pursued by half a dozen men in buggies. The woman is alive, but in a precarious condition.

Gift to the Indiana.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Governor Matthews and about 75 prominent citizens of Indiana have visited the United States battleship Indiana, lying off Tompkinsville, S. I., and presented to its officers the silver service and library that the citizens of Indiana have provided for the craft, named in honor of the state they represent.

Coffin Goes to Prison.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 22.—Francis A. Coffin, found guilty of complicity in the wrecking of the Indianapolis National bank and refused a new trial by the United States supreme court, has been taken to the penitentiary at Michigan City to serve out his sentence of eight years.

Six Lives Probably Lost.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—The 21-foot catboat Hebe of Dorchester with six men started out for a fishing trip on Saturday morning, expecting to return Saturday night, but had not been heard from. It is thought that the boat was capsized and the men drowned during the severe squall on Saturday night.

Sir John Evans Honored.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 22.—Sir John Evans, who is a high officer in many scientific and kindred societies, has been elected president of the British Association for the Advancement of Science for the meeting at Toronto in 1897.

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LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Cox, a son.

Squire and Mrs. Morley are both suffering with an illness.

The Chevalier club and friends will dance at Brunt's hall, Wednesday evening.

Win Mercer lost to New York yesterday, as they secured 10 hits from his delivery.

The trotter owned by Doctor Wana-maker will contest in the Beaver races tomorrow.

A large amount of campaign ware is being made in the city, and meets with ready sale.

Sheriff Gill yesterday sold the property of John McFadden in California hollow to N. J. Quigg for \$480.

Charles Danberg, secretary of the library committee, is confined to his home as a result of an accident which hurt his foot.

Miss D. B. Moore is absent from her place at the postoffice, owing to the fact that she is quarantined with the family of C. B. Simms.

Rev. Charles O'Meara, who is spending a vacation in Pittsburgh, was in the city over night. He returned to Pittsburgh this morning.

James McCurnan was found hopelessly drunk on the street last yesterday afternoon by Officer Whan. He was taken to city hall in the patrol.

Smith McDole was presented with a handsome toilet set by the employees of the East Liverpool pottery. Mr. McDole was recently married.

A small boy last night fell over the hill on the upper side of the Calcutta road, and sustained any number of bruises, but was not seriously hurt.

Miss Nellie Tarr very pleasantly entertained a number of her friends at Brunt's hall yesterday afternoon, the event being her 18th birthday.

The Lincoln Guards have given up their quarters in the Gaston building, and have secured a room more suitable for drilling purposes on Market street.

William Fleming, who was sued for \$42 by Dr. W. R. Clark in the court of Squire Morley, for professional services, confessed judgment for the full amount this morning.

A prominent resident of Lisbon was in town yesterday, and when asked about the political situation said there was one Democrat at the county seat, and his name was Potts.

General Sherwood is listed to speak in Wellsville tomorrow evening, and a number of people from this city will be there. The Bryan club will send a good delegation, and several Republicans will be present.

Commissioner Finley is making great progress in cleaning the streets, and will soon have all the pavements in excellent condition. The sweeper is doing its share, and the era of complaint will soon be at an end.

A party was held at the home of Mrs. John Sellers, Spring street, last night. The event was in honor of Miss Ida Mc-Masters, of Mt. Pleasant, who has been visiting here for a week. Miss Mc-Masters returned home today.

Judge Johnston, the Youngstown attorney who opposed Hon. R. W. Taylor for the congressional nomination two years ago, and is well known in this city, is being boomed for department commander of the Grand Army.

The ladies of the Hospital association expect much from the mass meeting at the Grand on Thursday evening, and a large attendance is anticipated. The project is now where it can be greatly aided by the people of the city.

Mrs. Rachel Grafton, state treasurer, and Miss Anna Davidson, past national counsellor of the Daughters of America, both of Wellsville, will pay a fraternal visit to the local branch of the organization at the meeting this evening.

A party of small boys were surprised while stealing flowers from a Sixth street residence last night. They were frightened by the owner of the property who allowed them to depart only after they had promised all sorts of promises never to do it again.

Squire Pugh, of Hancock county, issued an attachment for two horses and a wagon today, at the request of Martin Brozka, of Second street. The property belongs to P. Demuth. A Pittsburgh concern have been looking for the property for several days, but could not locate it.

"Wouldn't it be better," asked a business man today, "if the school board introduced writing instead of music in the schools

BARDSLEY FREE TODAY

The Pardon Recommendation Signed by Gov. Hastings.

PRECARIOUS HEALTH THE CAUSE.

The Paralytic Stroke Last Thursday Evidently Decided the Matter in the Prisoner's Favor—Sentenced in 1891 For Embezzling Nearly \$1,000,000.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 22.—Governor Hastings has signed the recommendation for a pardon for John Bardsley, ex-city treasurer of Philadelphia.

In 1891 he was sentenced to 15 years for embezzling nearly \$1,000,000 of city and state moneys.

The governor gives no reason for his action, although it is thought his decision was hastened by the fact that Bardsley was stricken with paralysis of the left side Thursday last. The pardon was mailed last night by Chief Clerk Gearhart of the state department to Warden Cassidy of the Eastern penitentiary, and Bardsley will be set free today.

The financial panic of the summer of 1891, which wrought Bardsley's downfall, was one of the worst this city has ever suffered. It began with the sudden collapse of the Keystone bank and the flight of its president, Gideon K. Marsh, who is still a fugitive from justice. The Spring Garden bank was the next to close its doors, and the Kennedy brothers, its president and cashier, were sent to prison for 10 years. Cashier Lawrence of the Keystone was given seven years and was pardoned about two months ago by President Cleveland. In those two banks Bardsley had deposited hundreds of thousands of state and city funds under an arrangement by which, if he was charged, he and the officers named reaped personal profit. Unfortunately stock speculations primarily caused Bardsley's ruin, although it has been repeatedly urged that he was little more than a scapegoat for worse sinners.

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Bardsley was promptly arrested, with the others of those involved who could be caught, and on July 2, the sentence was imposed.

An examination by a committee selected from both branches of councils finally succeeded in straightening out, so far as possible, the tangled skein resulting from the speculations. The agitation for Bardsley's pardon has been going on for a considerable time, at the instigation of prominent citizens who believed that Bardsley was more sinned against than sinning. The principal plea presented in favor of the pardon was that of the prisoner's failing health, and there was abundant medical testimony brought before the board of pardons to prove that he is practically in a state of collapse, and if continued in confinement, could live but a brief time. The board recommended the granting of the pardon about two weeks ago.

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LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times quotes a Constantinople dispatch to The Vossische Zeitung from an unusually well-informed correspondent, which is said to have evaded the censorship of the Turkish officials, and which says:

"Last Wednesday and Thursday everything was ready for a general massacre of Christians and a bombardment of Constantinople should the European warships attempt to pass the Dardanelles. There were 48 guns placed in position on the heights above Pera and the Turkish fleet in the harbor was cleared for action. The street patrols were composed exclusively of palace troops, while the Sopsatschis and Kurdish cavalry, though apparently unarmed, loitered in the streets awaiting the word of command."

The Times has a dispatch from Sebastopol, which declares that a portion of the Russian Black sea fleet, consisting of four ironclads, three gunboats and several torpedo-boats is cruising off the coast of the Dnieper under orders on receipt of a telegram from the Russian ambassador at Constantinople to join the admiral leaving here with the remainder of the fleet and to go direct to the Bosphorus. The whole fleet has been placed on a war footing and has embarked three battalions in infantry and troops. The south of Russia has also been placed on a war footing.

MORE FIGHTING LIKELY.

The Dervish Leader Preparing to Oppose the British Advance.

[Copyrighted]

EL HAFIZ, on the Nile, Sept. 22.—It reported that Wad Eshara, the commander of the Dervish forces, has reached the vicinity of Dongola on his retreat from this place and is preparing to oppose the Egyptian advance. Wad Eshara's wounds are severe, but are not mortal.

The Dervish troops are deserting in large numbers to the Egyptians. Queen Victoria has telegraphed her congratulations to Sir Herbert Mitchell, the sirdar of the expedition.

Major Jackson's battalion has found in the desert an enormous quantity of ammunition, including a number of boxes of Nordenfeldt ammunition, which are known to have belonged to Hicks Pasha's ill-fated force, which was annihilated in the interior of the Sudan in the former war with the mahdi.

SPAIN'S TOTTERING THRONE.

Don Carlos Says His Adherents Are Ready to Rise.

MADRID, Sept. 22.—The Carlist agitation continues making headway slowly, and the organization in that interest is being perfected at every point.

The Herald publishes another interview with Don Carlos, in which he is quoted as blaming the feebleness of Spain's dealings with the United States and declares that the situation is the same as that which preceded the revolution of 1808.

In conclusion Don Carlos is said to have remarked that the Carlists were completely organized, disciplined and armed and that they only await his word in order to rise against the government.

Rival Polish Conventions.

BUFFALO, Sept. 22.—Two large Polish conventions, the aims of which are decidedly antagonistic, opened in this city today. One is that of the Polish Roman Catholic church and the other the Independent Polish Catholics.

Pugilist Fitzsimmons Arrested.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, has been arrested on an indictment found by the grand jury last week, accusing him of agreeing to engage in a prizefight with James J. Corbett.

Slavin Knocked Out.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—O'Donnell knocked Slavin out in the fifth round.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Pittsburgh.—0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 5 2
Louisville...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—3 7 3
Batteries—Merritt and Hawley; Dexter and Horgan. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 1,000.

Second game.—
Pittsburgh...0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0—6 12 1
Louisville...2 1 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—6 12 1
Batteries—Sugden and Killen; Miller and Cunningham. Umpire—Emslie.

At Cleveland.—
Cleveland...2 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—4 10 2
Cincinnati...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—6 19 2
Batteries—Zimmer, Cappy and Wilson; Vaughn and Dwyer. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 2,000.

At Baltimore.—
Baltimore...3 0 0 2 0 1 4—10 13 1
Philadelphia...0 0 0 0 4 1 1 0—6 9 1
Batteries—Robinson and Hemming; Grady and Carsey. Umpire—Hornung. Attendance, 1,318.

At Washington.—
Washington...2 0 2 0 0 0 4 6 6
New York...2 0 1 2 1 2 8 10 0
Batteries—Maguire and Mercer; Warner and Meekin. Umpire—Lynch. Attendance, 4,800.

At Brooklyn.—
Brooklyn...2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3 6 5
Boston...0 1 0 0 0 0 3 1 0—5 6 3
Batteries—Grim and Daub; Bergen and Stivets. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 1,000.

Standing of the Clubs.

W L P
Baltimore...88 37 634
Cleveland...78 404
Cincinnati...75 404
Boston...71 559
Chicago...71 559
Pittsburgh...65 611

League Games Scheduled Today.
Cincinnati at Cleveland; Philadelphia at Baltimore; Louisville at Pittsburgh; Boston at Brooklyn and New York at Washington.

Yesterday's Interstate League Games.
At Toledo—Toledo, 13 runs, 15 hits, 4 errors; Jackson, 5 runs, 12 hits, 2 errors. Batteries—Coyne and Arthur; Bronskill and Fear.

At New Castle—New Castle, 11 hits, 10 runs, 6 errors; Youngstown, 8 runs, 7 hits, 6 errors. Batteries—Swain and Donovan; Jordan and Ziram.

Interstate Games Scheduled Today.

St. Wayne at Saginaw; Toledo at Jackson; New Castle at Wheeling and Youngstown at Washington.

Interstate League Standing.

W L P
Toledo...40 15 536
Jackson...39 15 536
St. Wayne...35 15 536
Saginaw...35 15 536
Wheeling...35 15 536

GAIN IN PENSIONERS.

A Slight Increase Over the Preceding Year.

THE COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

Over a Million Less Money Disbursed. The Lists Will Not Be Revised Further—Swindlers Convicted—Next Year's Estimate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Dominic I. Murphy, commissioner of pensions, has made his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, to Secretary Francis. He says:

"There were added to the rolls during the year 40,374 new pensioners, and there were restored 3,872 who had been previously dropped, a total of 44,247. During the same period the losses were 29,993 by death; 1,141 by remarriage (widows); 1,684 by legal limitation (minors); 2,552 because of failure to claim pensions for three years, and 9,323 for other causes, an aggregate of 44,093. The net gain was 154 over the previous year.

"The whole number of pensioners on the roll June 30, 1896, was 970,678. While the rolls show a slight gain in numbers over the year immediately preceding the amount disbursed for pensions was \$138,214,761 a decrease of \$1,392,575 as compared with the previous year. There were 495,664 pension claims pending at the close of the fiscal year, 234,337 being applications for increases made by persons on the rolls.

"Although last year's estimate of \$140,000,000 for pensions was \$1,790,630 more than was necessary for the past fiscal year the commissioner duplicates that estimate for the next fiscal year stating that he believes the adjudication of many cases will make the full amount necessary. It is his intention to push the settlement of cases as rapidly as possible. An estimate of \$1,228,580 is made for miscellaneous expenses."

Concerning prosecutions he says: "Offenders against the pension laws have been so rigorously prosecuted during the past three years that the criminal law division has been materially lessened. Through the combined efforts of the law division and the special examination division there has been refunded to the United States during the year \$20,982, of which \$10,726 were recovered as the outcome of eight civil suits. During the year 339 indictments were found and there were 242 recommendations for prosecution. The number of convictions were 167, the number of sentences 160 and 82 offenders against the Pension laws were taken into custody."

Regarding the revising of the pension list the commissioner says: "There is no foundation for the erroneous impression that it is the intention still further to revise the lists, as the purging of the rolls, commenced in 1891, has been entirely accomplished. It ought to be understood, however, that there still exists the purpose to maintain the pension roll as the nation's roll of honor."

Commissioner Murphy recommends an increase of 12 per cent of pensions to survivors of the Mexican war and also recommends pensions to widows of officers and soldiers who died from causes originating in the service prior to March 4, 1861.

The Weather.

Light local showers, followed by fair; light to fresh northerly winds; cooler tonight.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 21.
WHEAT—No. 1 old red, 68¢; No. 2 red, 67¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 25¢; No. 2, 24¢; No. 2, 23¢; No. 2, 22¢; No. 2, 21¢; No. 2, 20¢; No. 2, 19¢; No. 2, 18¢; No. 2, 17¢; No. 2, 16¢; No. 2, 15¢; No. 2, 14¢; No. 2, 13¢; No. 2, 12¢; No. 2, 11¢; No. 2, 10¢; No. 2, 9¢; No. 2, 8¢; No. 2, 7¢; No. 2, 6¢; No. 2, 5¢; No. 2, 4¢; No. 2, 3¢; No. 2, 2¢; No. 2, 1¢; No. 2, 0¢; No. 2, -1¢; No. 2, -2¢; No. 2, -3¢; No. 2, -4¢; No. 2, -5¢; No. 2, -6¢; No. 2, -7¢; No. 2, -8¢; No. 2, -9¢; No. 2, -10¢; No. 2, -11¢; No. 2, -12¢; No. 2, -13¢; No. 2, -14¢; No. 2, -15¢; No. 2, -16¢; No. 2, -17¢; No. 2, -18¢; No. 2, -19¢; No. 2, -20¢; No. 2, -21¢; No. 2, -22¢; No. 2, -23¢; No. 2, -24¢; No. 2, -25¢; No. 2, -26¢; No. 2, -27¢; No. 2, -28¢; No. 2, -29¢; No. 2, -30¢; No. 2, -31¢; No. 2, -32¢; No. 2, -33¢; No. 2, -34¢; No. 2, -35¢; No. 2, -36¢; No. 2, -37¢; No. 2, -38¢; No. 2, -39¢; No. 2, -40¢; No. 2, -41¢; No. 2, -42¢; No. 2, -43¢; No. 2, -44¢; No. 2, -45¢; No. 2, -46¢; No. 2, -47¢; No. 2, -48¢; No. 2, -49¢; No. 2, -50¢; No. 2, -51¢; No. 2, -52¢; No. 2, -53¢; No. 2, -54¢; 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16 TO 1

that both gold and silver men will buy their Clothing, Hats, Caps, Furnishings, Trunks and Valises at our store this season **WE'RE BOUND TO WIN.**

It's a sure thing. Can't help it. Just look at the style, look at the quality, and then look at the prices. The odds are all in our favor. We've got the **CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS**

that the people want. We've got 'em right; right in style, right in quality and right in price.

You'll come very near holding in your hand one-half the money that you expected to spend if you buy your Clothing Hats and Furnishings from

GEO. C. MURPHY,
Bargain One Price
Clothier, Hatter, Furnisher.
Have you seen our Imperial Hat? It's a beauty.

There is No Place Like Home. How True. Neither is there any Place like Bulger's Drug Store for you to Patronize.

There you get the best of everything—from a thorough knowledge of the business, with 19 years experience. A college course, State examination, etc., to a personal supervision of all business. We can give you better and safer prescription service than you can find in town, and we can guarantee you satisfactory prices. Try it

BULGER'S

We Give You What You Ask For.

Our prescription department excels in equipment and arrangement, and is unexcelled in skill, accuracy and reliability. If we can't fill your prescription exactly as your physician directs we will hand it back to you. We will not substitute. Our prices will please you also.

CLARENCE G. ANDERSON,
N. E. Cor. 6th and W. Market.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

All domestic consumers connected with the Ohio Valley Gas company's lines are hereby notified that after Oct. 1, 1896, gas will be supplied only through meters. Meters will be furnished at the consumers' expense upon application at the office of this company. The price per thousand cubic feet by meter will be twenty-five cents, subject to a discount of twenty per cent, provided bills are paid on or before the 10th of each month for preceding month's supply.

THE OHIO VALLEY GAS CO.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Lon Steinfeld is a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Reverend Reinartz went to Fair Oaks, Pa., today to attend a wedding.

—Miss Edith Sloane, of Steubenville, is the guest of Miss Edith Sloane, Fifth street.

—Mrs. John S. Powell, Third street, is spending a week with friends in Pittsburg.

—William Reed, who has been working in Tallahoma, Tenn., for some time is expected home this evening.

—Miss Maud McGonigal, of Salineville, was the guest of Miss Magge Wilson, Fifth street, over Sunday.

—Mrs. Samuel Morley and two daughters went to Kittanning, where they will spend two weeks visiting with relatives.

—Scott McBride, of New Concord, returned to Muskingum college last evening, after a visit with his cousin, Joe Carcy.

—Miss Mollie Gill, daughter of Sheriff Gill, is visiting at the home of James McCullough, assistant chief of the fire department.

—Miss Emma Childs, a member of the local Salvation Army corps, left for Cincinnati today where she will enter a training school.

—Miss Alice Parkinson, who has been employed in the city for some time, left for Bergholz, where she will take up a position in a millinery store.

—Mrs. Jesse Hunter and daughter went to Pittsburg today to visit friends, Miss Lizzie Speyerer, of Rochester, who has been the guest of Mrs. Hunter returned home today.

NOTICE TO COUPON COLLECTORS.

A Matter of Especial Interest to Our Citizens.

Having heard several rumors to the effect that we would not fulfill our promise in giving out the premiums to the parties entitled to them, we desire to emphatically state that we will have a permanent office in East Liverpool, and will give out the premiums to those returning their coupon books filled with coupons as required. This system has been in operation for several years in other cities. Since first started it has been introduced, and is working very satisfactory in over 200 cities. We defy any person to prove that this company has ever failed to do as they agreed. We have always had an A 1 reputation, and expect to keep it. If any persons have been misled by our canvassers who would like to have coupon books we will be pleased to furnish them with the same by calling at our office or sending us word. It will give us great pleasure to have every resident of East Liverpool and surrounding country to call at the office and see the premiums, and especially the parties who have the least doubt that we will, in any manner, break our agreement, as we know we can readily convince them that we are doing a legitimate business. The proof of the pudding is the eating of it. Get your books filled with coupons and hand them in at the office; get your premium, and convince yourself that we are doing as promised. Remember we furnish the coupon books and give you the premiums absolutely free.

MERCHANTS' PREMIUM COMPANY,
E. J. GROETZINGER, Manager,
154 Fourth street.

PITTSBURG EXCURSIONS.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Lines For the Exposition.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania lines Thursdays, Sept. 17 and 24, and October 1, 8, 15 and 22 account the exposition. The round trip rate from East Liverpool will be \$1.55, which includes admission to the exposition. Excursion tickets will be good going on regular trains on date of sale and good returning two days. For tickets and time of trains apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Dangerous Drinking Water.

Death lurks in impure drinking water. It breeds diseases, often in epidemic form.

The first symptom is looseness of the bowels. These diseases are checked by taking Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. Sold by A. H. Bulger and Will Reed.

Health is Wealth.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT
THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.
Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

DR. E. C. WEST'S

NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

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For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

Very Confusing.

An "underground" train from White-chapel was trundling along through the City one dark and foggy day. An old Irish lady was a passenger, who was evidently moving her "home," tied up in a ragged old apron, from an eastern to a western "doss house." "How far will Oi have to go wid this?" she asked of a fellow passenger, thrusting her ticket in his face. The affable man put on his spectacles. "Latimer road, ma'am! Seven stations farther on." The old lady grunted incredulously. Some minutes passed, during which the old lady mused or dozed and took no thought of stoppages. Then she roused herself and addressed the same question to another passenger. "Four stations on," muttered this one briefly. The Irish dame smiled bitterly, but kept her own counsel for awhile. Then she suddenly turned upon a traveler of her own sex. "Now will yez tell me, ma'am how far am Oi from this station?" "It's the next station of all," said the other smilingly. The Irish woman cast around a glance of indignant scorn. "An which of yez am Oi to believe? Sure ye all tell a different tale!"—Household Words.

Doubtful About That Text.

An eminent preacher gave as his text, "As a man thinketh, so is he." After the sermon a lay brother said to the pastor: "Your sermon was a scholarly effort, but I cannot agree with you in your premises." "I am very sorry," replied the preacher. "I gave a great deal of thought and study to that sermon. To what part of it do you take exception?" "Well," said the lay brother, "you say that as a man thinketh, so is he." "Yes," replied the minister. "Well, I have a nephew who thinks he knows it all, when the truth is he is a confounded idiot."—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

Where the Indiana Farmers Stand.

The Indiana Farmers' association has 50,000 members, comprising 27,500 Republicans, 20,500 Democrats, 1,000 Populists and 1,000 Prohibitionists, and 42,250 of them are going to vote for McKinley and sound money. This indicates a Republican gain of 15,000 over the presidential vote of 1892. "The silver sentiment is swiftly disappearing," says the president of the association, "and the Indiana farmers don't want any of your cheap money."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.).

Notice—Coal Notice.

Having severed my connection with Robert Moore, "the coal man," and engaging in the business myself, I am now prepared to furnish all my old customers and the public in general with the best grade of Pittsburg and Youghiogeny coal, at the lowest prices. Now is a good time to lay in your winter supply. Office and yard, on the Horn switch, opposite Union Planning mill.

MILK KIRKENDALL.

Velocity of Insects' Wings in Flight.

E. J. Marey of The Science Record has been studying the flight of insects, with the object in view of ascertaining the wing strokes per second in the different species. Those upon which the record is complete are as follows: Wing strokes per second in the house fly, 330; drone bee, 240; working bee, 190; wasp, 110; hawk moth, 72; dragon fly, 28, and cabbage butterfly, 9.

Puts Him in a Rage.

Mrs. Prosy—Reading is quite a passion with my husband.
Mrs. Dresser—So it is with mine when he reads my milliner's bills!—Pick Me Up.

Bonfield, Ill., Aug. 14, 1895.

"I am subject to Cramps and Colic, and have used many remedies, but find Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure beats them all."
W. L. YEATS.

For sale at Bulger's and Reed's drug-stores.

More Members.

The Union Veteran Patriotic league, organized a week ago, is rapidly increasing in membership. More than 80 have added their names to the list since last week, and the good work goes steadily on.

Found.

At Bulger's and Reed's drug stores, a marvelous cure for all kidney complaints, nervous exhaustion and female weakness. It is Foley's Kidney Cure.

The First Lesson.

The university class will meet at the Young Men's Christian association rooms this evening. The first lesson will be passed through tonight.

A Household Necessity.

No family should be without Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure, for all bowel complaints. For sale by Bulger and Reed.

ELEPHANT STORIES.

THEY GO TO SHOW THAT THE GREAT BEASTS CAN REASON.

How One of the Huge Fellows Amused Himself at the Expense of a Hippopotamus—Protecting Themselves From Annoyance.

In my opinion the elephant is the most intelligent of all animals. He thinks for himself, and no matter in what position he may be placed, or what emergencies he may be called upon to meet, he seems to be endowed with enough common sense to be equal to all occasions. He has also a strong sense of humor, which at times is so marked as to be almost human.

This sense of the humorous was unusually well developed in an elephant I knew in the Jardin des Plantes in Paris. He was kept in a great inclosure out in the open air, so that he had plenty of room to roam about. In the same inclosure was a very large hippopotamus, for whose comfort and amusement a great stone basin had been built and filled with water, and the hippopotamus in turn furnished amusement for the elephant. It was quite early one morning—before the hour for admitting the public to the garden—when I noticed the elephant walking around on the stone edge of the basin, curiously watching the hippopotamus.

I felt quite sure that the elephant was up to some prank, and I was not mistaken; for, just as soon as the ears of the hippopotamus came into view, the elephant quickly seized one of them with his trunk and gave it a sudden pull. The enraged hippopotamus lifted his ponderous head clear of the water and snorted and blew, but every time he rose to take breath the elephant would recommence his antics. Around and around the beast would go, keeping a sharp lookout for the little ears of the hippopotamus, which he would seize the moment they appeared. His evident delight in teasing his huge neighbor was very comical, and there could be no doubt that he thoroughly enjoyed it.

Again, one day the keeper placed some food for the hippopotamus in a corner of the inclosure, and at once the hippopotamus began to leave the water to get it, but the elephant slowly ambled over to the same corner, and arriving there first he placed his four feet over the favorite food in such a way that the hippopotamus could not get at it, gently swayed his trunk back and forth and acted altogether as though he were there quite accidentally, until the garden was thrown open to the public and he went forward to receive the daily contributions of bread, cake, pie, etc., which were always offered him by his hosts of admirers.

Elephants appear to take much enjoyment in life and exhibit a good natured spirit even while at work. In the animals' quarters at Bridgeport, some time ago, two little elephants showed evident pleasure in the tasks that were set for them. Even in their stable, when no trainer was about, one little elephant would stand on its head just it was used to doing in the circus and the other would look anxiously on until its own turn came to stand on its head and be admired by the other.

In his native clime, during the hot hours of the day, the elephant usually seeks the friendly shade of a grove of trees so as to shield himself from the burning rays of the sun. Some time ago in Central park the elephants in summer were kept in an open inclosure where there were no trees or shade of any kind, and during the hot days, when the mercury was well up in the nineties, the heat was almost unbearable. Intently watching the elephants there were always many persons carrying sunshades or umbrellas to protect themselves from the sun's rays.

I wonder how many of these onlookers realized that the elephants were carrying sunshades, too, for such was really the case. On the very hot days the great quadrupeds would take the hat that was given them, or when they could get it the newly mown grass, and completely thatch their backs with it to shield themselves from the sun. They will sometimes do this same thing in fly time to protect themselves from being bitten, for, strange as it may seem, the elephant's skin is very sensitive.

In Africa there grows a tree called the heglit tree, which bears fruit known by the name of lolobes. Now the elephant is very fond of lolobes, but the fruit grows so high up as to be quite out of the animal's reach. Of course that does not deter the elephant from trying to get it. True, he cannot climb a tree, but he has a big bump of ingenuity and we may rest assured that he gets the fruit by some means or other.

Sir Samuel Baker, the great African traveler, was fortunate enough one day to see an elephant in the very act of getting the fruit. The elephant would retire a short distance from the tree and then rush at the trunk at full speed, striking his head against it with such force as to make the tree tremble in every limb and so shake down the fruit, repeating the charge again and again until enough lolobes had fallen to satisfy his appetite.—Our Animal Friends.

A Trifle Particular.

Bunko—Stranger in New York, I see. Farmer—You've jist about struck it, b'gosh!

Bunko—That's what I thought. Now, let me give you a "steer." Farmer—Much obliged, but I'm rather long on steers. If you kin make it a couple o' young milk cows, I'll take 'em, b'gosh.—Somerville Journal.

Eli Terry, the wooden clock genius, was the first American drummer or commercial traveler, being obliged to make regular trips from his home in Connecticut over into New York to dispose of his wares. This in 1796.

The bronze cent was issued in accordance with a law passed in 1857, and its coinage was begun in 1864.



A brilliant complexion is a beauty in itself. It pleases the eyes of thoughtless people and the minds of thinking people. They know that a really good complexion is a sign of health and created by Nature. There are different ways of imitating a fine complexion: cosmetics, which deceive nobody, but ruin the skin and make the user look silly and prematurely old; stimulants which only give a temporary flush; dangerous drugs which drive pimples disorders from the face back into the blood. All these "counterfeit" complexions are unsafe and easily detected. But the genuine, unmistakable, much-admired color and clearness of health can only be obtained by clearing all bilious matters and humors out of the blood.

The first step towards creating a good complexion by Nature's own method is to get the blood clear, and the circulation free and active. There is no complexion so salubrious, muddy or pimply but it will be cleared and brightened by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the best natural complexion-maker on earth. It sends the fresh glow of real health to the cheeks by thoroughly clearing all bilious and eruptive humors out of the blood. It strengthens the digestion and regulates the bowels in a mild, natural way. It gives brighter color to the blood, and not only beautifies the complexion but makes the eyes brighter and the breath sweeter.

If the bowels be very much constipated, it will be advisable to take small doses of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, conjointly with the use of the "Golden Medical Discovery." One or two each day—just sufficient to get their laxative and alternative, or blood cleansing, effect will be sufficient.

DOUBLE DEALING

Is the Cause of Many Heart Burnings—An East Liverpool Case That Was Opposite.

Double dealing, like so many other expressions in the Anglo-Saxon language, has different meanings. The text or heading does not refer to the deceitful, hypocritical specimens of manhood who curry favor for their own ends and keep a community in a ferment by retailing scraps of confidences. This time 'tis the double dealing of the little conqueror, Doan's Kidney Pills—to be more correct, the double healing. One member of a family tests them. Like disease, the infection spreads. Another tries them, an acquaintance or a friend, reads the statement that follows, made by Mrs. Edmund Purton, of 233 Ravine Street. She says: "Both my husband and I can testify to the value of Doan's Kidney Pills. I had backache, headache and other symptoms of the complaint for two years. When the last attack came on I went to the W. & W. Pharmacy, and got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. In a very short time I was relieved."

"My husband, who is a painter, decorator and paperhanger, of the firm of Purton & Jackson, was seized with a severe attack of kidney complaint lately. Some three years ago he contracted a fever, which left his kidneys in bad shape, and ever since he has had more or less trouble. When suffering last a gentleman advised him to try Doan's Kidney Pills, emphasizing the facts that he had been a sufferer with kidney disease; confined to his bed; his physician informed him that perhaps he would be able to get him up in two or three weeks; that he used Doan's Kidney Pills, and in a day or two he was able to be up and about his business. The gentleman spoke so highly about the remedy that my husband got a box at once. They were prompt in relieving him. I felt better generally. We can heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. I hear numbers of people speak well of them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50. By mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

The Parity in Candidates.

After all, it may be as well to let Sewall and Watson both run. It would take two such men to make one average vice president.—Kansas City Journal (Ren.).

Not Dangerous.

Judge—You are accused of carrying a razor.
Prisoner—But, yo' honah, it war' er safety razah.—Washington Times.

Pittsburg Exposition.

INDUSTRY. MANUFACTURES. ART. MUSIC.

Two great buildings devoted to showing what the world has done the last twelve months.

All the wonders of Electricity, the Roentgen Ray, Shoe Making Machinery—making 500 pairs shoes daily.

Greatest exhibit of Agricultural Implements and Novelties ever shown in Pennsylvania.

Music--4 Concerts Daily--Music

CHICAGO MARINE BAND, Sept. 9 to 19.
INNES' FAMOUS BAND, Sept. 21 to Oct. 3.

NEW MUSIC HALL,
Costing \$40,000.
Free Seats for 3,500 People.

SEPT. 9--40 DAYS--OCT. 24

Half Rate Excursions on all railroads. Look out for the announcements.

Admission 25c; Children 15c. Bring the family.

SAVE THAT DOLLAR
SAVE YOUR DOLLARS
BY BUYING FROM
FERGUSON & HILL.

Slates at 2c. 3c. 4c. 5c. 10c. 15c. 20c.
Tablets at 1c. 2c. 3c. 5c. 10c. 15c.
Black Ink at 2c per bottle.

TOILET SOAP.
Castile, large cake, 6 for 25c.
Buttermilk, Madam Ayes, 10c a box; 3 cakes.
Cold Cream Glycerine, 15c a box; 3 cakes.
Palm Soap, 5c; 6 for 25c.
Cocoa Castile, 6 for 25c.
Uncle Sam Tar Soap, 5c; 6 for 25c.
Buttermilk Flavour, 5c; 6 for 25c.

See Our Line of LAIPs.

FERGUSON & HILL 5 and 10

THE NEWS REVIEW.

Fearless, Bright, Spicy, 10 cents per week.

Leave your order with ROSE & DIX.

Sexine Pills
Result in 4 weeks.

For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, Druggist, Cor. Sixth and West Market East Liverpool, O.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh
Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central

Westward.		3:35	3:37
Pittsburgh	iv	10:05	11:30
Rochester	"	7:00	8:15
Beaver	"	7:05	8:20
Vanport	"	7:09	"
Industry	"	7:20	"
Cooks Ferry	"	7:23	"
Smiths Ferry	"	7:35	2:37
East Liverpool	"	7:46	2:46
Wellsville	ar	7:58	2:58
Wellsville Shop	"	8:06	3:06
Yellow Creek	"	8:15	"
Hammondsville	"	8:23	"
Irontdale	"	8:26	"
Salineville	"	8:28	3:33
Bayard	"	9:20	4:02
Alliance	ar	9:44	4:00
Ravenna	iv	10:02	4:34
Hudson	"	11:04	5:05
	"	11:02	5:25
Cleveland	ar	12:10	6:25
Wellsville	iv	8:10	3:05
Wellsville Shop	"	8:13	3:08
Yellow Creek	"	8:21	3:13
Port Homer	"	8:27	3:18
Empire	"	8:34	3:23
Elliottsville	"	8:40	3:28
Toronto	"	8:45	3:33
Browns	"	8:52	3:38
Steuensburg	ar	9:08	3:55
	iv	9:08	3:55
Mingo Jo	"	9:15	4:05
Brilliant	"	9:22	4:15
Rush Run	"	9:33	4:26
Portland	"	9:40	4:33
Yorkville	"	9:45	4:38
Martins Ferry	"	9:58	4:50
Bridgeport	"	10:05	4:58
Bellaire	ar	10:15	5:10
	AM	PM	PM